

Operator's Manual

For Veterinary Use Only

Customer and Technical Service: 1-800-822-2947 Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

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Table of Contents

Section 1:	Quick Reference Guide	1-1
1.1	Analyzer Overview	1-1
	Front View	1-1
	Back View	1-1
1.2	Installation Guidelines.	1-2
	Step 1: Unpack the VetScan VS2 Analyzer and Accessories	1-2
	Step 2: Set Up Electrical Connections	1-2
	Step 3: Install Printer Paper Roll	1-3
	Step 4: Set System Parameters	1-4
	If You Have Problems	1-4
1.3	Guidelines for Obtaining and Using Samples	1-5
	Step 1: Prepare the Reagent Rotor	1-5
	Step 2: Obtain a Sample	1-5
	Step 3: Add Sample to the Rotor	1-8
	Step 4: Analyze the Sample	1-10
Section 2:	General Information	2-1
2 1	Intended Use	21
2.1	Introducing the VetScon VS2	2-1 2 1
2.2	Abayis Technical Service	2-1 2_2
2.5	Symbols Used in Labeling	2-2
2.4	Frequently Asked Questions	2-2
2.5	General Questions	2-3
	Analyzer Setun	2-3 2_4
	Samples	2-4
	Rotors	2-5
	Testing and Results	2-6
		- •
Section 3:	Set Up and Analyzer Description	3-1
3.1	Unpacking the Analyzer	3-1
3.2	Setting Up the Analyzer	3-2
3.3	Analyzer and Environmental Specifications	3-5
3.4	VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer Overview	3-6
	Touchscreen	3-7
3.5	Reagent Rotors	3-8

Section 4	: Test Procedure and Results	4-1
4.1	Introduction to Testing	4-1
4.2	Collecting Samples	4-2
4.3	Adding a Sample to the Rotor	4-3
4.4	Running Tests	4-5
4.5	Canceling an Analysis	4-12
4.6	Using Test Results	4-13
4.7	Test Procedure Summary	4-14
	VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer	4-14
	Reagent Rotors	4-15
	Samples	4-15
	Handling Samples	4-16
0		F 1
Section 5	Configuring the Analyzer	5-1
5.1	Using the Settings Screens	5-2
5.2	Customizing Reference Ranges.	5-2
	Modifying Reference Ranges of a Single Analyte	5-3
	Modifying the Reference Ranges for a Species	5-4
	Adding a Species	5-5
	Removing a Species	5-9
5.3	Printing and Archiving Reference Ranges	5-10
5.4	Retrieving Reference Ranges	5-11
5.5	Transmitting Reference Ranges	5-12
5.6	Viewing Analyzer Identification	5-13
5.7	Changing Date and Time	5-14
5.8	Selecting the Language	5-15
5.9	Selecting Units	5-16
5.10	Setting Sound Volumes	5-22
5.11	Adjusting the Display	5-23
5.12	Configuring Printers	5-26
	Setting the Default Printer	5-26
	Testing a Printer	5-27
	Printers Supported by the VetScan VS2	5-27
	Selecting Reports	5-28
5.13	Setting Communication Protocol	5-29
5.14	Setting Optional Advanced Functions.	5-30
Continue	Passiling Desults	(1
Section o		0-1
<i>.</i>	Troubleshooting Flags	6-1
6.1	Recalling the Last Rotor Results	6-2
6.2	Searching Results	6-3
	Searching for Results by Patient/Control ID	6-4
	Searching for Results by Date	6-5
	Viewing Patient Results or Control Results by Date	6-6
6.3	Browsing Results	6-7
6.4	Transmitting Results	6-9

Section 7:	Calibration and Quality Control	7-1
7.1	Calibration	7-1
7.2	Quality Control Features	7-1
7.3	Running Controls	7-3
	8	
Section 8:	Troubleshooting	8-1
8.1	Using Analyzer Messages	8-1
8.2	Contacting Abaxis Technical Service	8-1
8.3	Instrument and Result Messages	8-2
	Chemistry Suppression	8-2
	Rotor Cancellation	8-2
	Symbols on the Results Printout	8-2
8.4	Out-of-Range Samples	8-3
8.5	Rotor Cancellations and Procedures	8-3
8.6	Sample Dilution	8-4
0.0	Dilution of Sample 1.1 with Saline	8-4
87	Reinitializing the Analyzer	8_4
0.7		0-4
Section 9:	Principles of Procedure and Operation	9-1
91	Principles of Procedure	9-1
9.2	Principles of Operation	9-2
.2	Rate Methods	9-3
	Endpoint Reactions	9_4
		7-4
Section 10	: Maintenance and Service	10-1
10.1	Cleaning the Analyzer	10-1
	Cleaning the Case	10-1
	Cleaning the Display	10-1
10.2	Cleaning Spills	10-2
10.3	Cleaning the Air Filter.	10-2
10.0	Changing an Air Filter With a Cover	10-3
	Changing an Air Filter Without a Cover	10-4
10.4	Undating the Analyzer Software	10-5
10.1	Returning the Analyzer for Service	10-6
10.5		10-0
Section 11	: Connecting to an External Computer	11-1
11.1	Transmission Specifications	11-2
11.2	Enabling the VetScan VS2 Communication Protocol	11-2
11.2	Installing the Windows 2000/XP Driver	11-3
11.5	Installing the Windows Vista Driver	11_7
11.4	Installing the Mac OS X Driver	11_11
11.5	Installing the Linux Driver	11_13
11.0	Using HyperTerminal	11-1J 11_1/
11./	Satting Un HyperTerminal	11 1/
	Conturing and Transmitting Popults	11-14 11 1 <i>6</i>
		11-10

Section 12: Ordering Information	12-1
12.1 Required Materials	12-1
12.2 Ordering Information	12-1
12.3 VetScan Reagent Rotors	12-2
12.4 Optional Materials	12-2
Section As iOC Codes	A 1
Section A: IQC Codes.	A-I
A.1 Using iQC Codes for Troubleshooting	A-1
Section B: Supported Printers	B-1
B.1 Printers Supported by the VetScan VS2	B-1
Section C: Methods Performance	C-1
C.1 Materials Required	C-1
To Order VetScan VS2 Analyzer Profile Rotors	C-2

Index

Section 1

Quick Reference Guide

1.1 Analyzer Overview

These diagrams show the VetScan[®] VS2 Analyzer and its components.

Front View



Back View



1.2 Installation Guidelines

Step 1: Unpack the VetScan VS2 Analyzer and Accessories

- 1. Immediately upon receipt, place the box of reagent rotors in a refrigerator (2–8 °C or 36–46 °F).
- 2. Remove the analyzer from its box and place it on a stable, level surface.
- 3. Complete and mail the warranty card within 10 days of installing the system.
 - *Note:* This Operator's Manual is the most complete reference for the analyzer. Always refer to this manual. Keep this manual in a convenient location for easy access, and store all product and manual updates in it.



Step 2: Set Up Electrical Connections

- Attach the AC power cord (with electrical wall plug) to the analyzer's power adapter (see the figure).
- 2. Attach the DC power cord to the back of the analyzer.
- 3. Plug the AC power cord into a grounded electrical outlet.
- 4. Make sure all connections are secure.



Note: To prevent power surges or drain, **do not** plug the analyzer into the same circuit as a centrifuge or any other high-current device. If this is not possible, use an ancillary surge protector or battery backup for the analyzer.

Step 3: Install Printer Paper Roll

- 1. Open the printer cover. If the printer contains a roll of printer paper, remove it from the printer.
- 2. Remove the wrapper from the new paper roll, then unroll several inches of paper.
- 3. Put the roll into the printer so that paper unrolls from the bottom of the roll and out towards the front of the analyzer, as shown at right. Make sure several inches of paper extend out of the printer slot.
- 4. Press the cover closed till it locks into place.
- 5. Pull gently on the end of the paper until it is taut.



Step 4: Set System Parameters

Use the Settings icon *to* set the analyzer's system parameters.

- 1. Set the date and time. See Section 5, "Changing Date and Time" for details.
 - *Note:* Be sure to set the date and time as accurately as possible. The analyzer uses this information to determine reagent dating when reading the bar-coded rotor before analysis. Inaccurate settings can cause errors.
- 2. Set the measurement units to use in results. The analyzer is pre-set to report results in common units such as mg/dL. See Section 5, "Selecting Units" for instructions on changing to SI units such as mmol/L.

The VetScan VS2 is now ready to run samples. See Section 4, "Test Procedure and Results" for instructions.

If You Have Problems

If any of the following occurs, see Section 8, "Troubleshooting" or call Abaxis Technical Services at 1-800-822-2947, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

- The analyzer does not turn on. (First, verify that all connectors are firmly inserted and the electric outlet is working properly.)
- The rotor drawer does not open when you press **ANALYZE** on the touchscreen.
- Error messages appear on the display.

When you call, the Technical Service Representative will ask for the following:

- A description of the problem.
- The analyzer serial number and software version number. See Section 5, "Viewing Analyzer Identification" for instructions on locating these numbers.

1.3 Guidelines for Obtaining and Using Samples

Follow these guidelines carefully in preparing the reagent rotor, and in obtaining and using samples.

Step 1: Prepare the Reagent Rotor

Note: Use only powder-free gloves, to keep powder off of analyzer optics.

- Use only reagent rotors that have not expired, as noted on the pouch and box.
 The VetScan VS2 Analyzer automatically rejects expired rotors.
- Do not remove the rotor from the refrigerator until you are ready to run the analysis.
- Use the rotor within 20 minutes of opening its pouch. **Do not** attempt to reseal the rotor in its pouch for later use.
- **Do not drop the rotor.** This could crack the rotor or shatter its reagent beads, which can cause errors and potential rotor cancellations.
- Handle the rotor only by its edges as shown at right. Fingerprints on the rotor can interfere with analyte measurements.



Step 2: Obtain a Sample

Sample Types

- Whole blood samples: Use only lithium heparin test tubes (green top).
- Plasma samples: Obtain these from whole blood samples (lithium heparin).
- **Serum:** Obtain from a sample placed in a red top test tube.

Note: **Do not** use EDTA (lavender top test tube) for **any** samples to be tested on the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer.

Guidelines for Obtaining Samples

- Serum samples: Use no-additive evacuated specimen collection tubes or serum separator tubes.
- Whole blood or plasma samples: Use only lithium heparin evacuated specimen collection tubes.
- **\square** Obtain a sample of approximately 100 µL.
- When collecting the sample in lithium heparin collection tubes, fill the tube at least half-way to maintain the proper ratio of sample to anticoagulant.
- Run samples within 60 minutes. If this not possible, spin down and remove the plasma or serum.
- Place the plasma or serum into a clean red top tube, and run within five hours. If this is not possible, refrigerate the sample in a stoppered container at 2–8 °C (36–46 °F) for no longer than 48 hours. A plasma or serum sample can also be stored at -10 °C (14 °F) for up to five weeks in a freezer that does not have a self-defrost cycle.

Guidelines for Handling Samples

Use the following guidelines and procedures to ensure best results.

- Before dispensing, remove the needle to avoid hemolysis.
- Dispense the sample slowly into the sample tube.
- **For dehydrated patients:** Use plasma, or allow the sample to settle for 5 minutes and then draw from the top of the sample.

Syringe Sizes

- Small breed: up to 10 kg use a 25-gauge syringe.
- Medium breed: 10–30 kg use a 22-gauge syringe.
- Larger breed: 30–60 kg use a 20-gauge syringe.
- Giant breed: over 60 kg use an 18-gauge syringe.

Test Tube Order

To prevent contamination, always fill test tubes in this order:

1. **Red top:** No anticoagulant.

Note: Use the red top test tube only if necessary. If the red top tube is not needed, fill the green top tube first. But when needed, the red top tube **must** be filled before any other.

- 2. **Green top:** Lithium heparin. Anticoagulant for chemistry only.
- 3. **Purple top:** EDTA. Anticoagulant for hematology only.

CAUTIONS: Do not remove a sample from the rotor and try to reintroduce it to the rotor.

Never place green top tubes on a test-tube rocker.

Store samples at room temperature, and use within 60 minutes.

EDTA contamination severely affects results, most notably Ca and K+.

Venipuncture Using Vacutainer or Syringe

Whole blood samples must be collected using lithium heparin as the anticoagulant. Excess heparin can interfere with certain chemistries, and can cause dilution. To prevent this, fill the vacutainer tube at least halfway with sample, then mix well by gently inverting two or three times.

The following venipuncture methods are available.

- Preferred method: collecting sample directly into a lithium heparin vacutainer tube (green top). If additional tubes will be filled, collect in the following order: red, green, lavender. This prevents adverse effects on results.
- Syringe with no anticoagulants. Draw the sample, remove the needle, then immediately add the sample to lithium heparin (green top tube). Gently invert the tube two or three times to mix.

Note: Do not shake the tube or hemolysis will result.

Syringe pre-wetted with lithium heparin.

Make sure the heparin concentration is ≤ 15 units per mL of blood.

- a. Expel excess heparin by moving the plunger back and forth several times, until only a fine coating is left inside the syringe barrel. This is important for preventing excess sample dilution, which will alter final sample results and can cause errors.
- b. Change the needle to make sure all excess in the needle hub is removed. (A new needle is also sharper.)
- c. Draw the sample.
- d. Mix the sample well by gently inverting two or three times.

Step 3: Add Sample to the Rotor

Sample Delivery Volume

Follow these guidelines to make sure you add the correct sample volume to the reagent rotor.

- When a sufficient quantity of sample is added, it will form a line between the arrows on the rotor surface.
- If an air bubble is introduced, add enough sample to fill the overflow area by 1/3 to 1/2, as shown at right.
- Make sure any excess sample does not travel beyond the overflow area.



Using a Fixed 100 µL Volume Pipette

- 1. Firmly attach a new tip to the end of the pipette. **Do not** touch the tip, or a false elevation of amylase can result.
- 2. With your index finger or thumb, push the pipette plunger to the stop position, and hold it there for sample pickup.
- 3. Immerse the tip 2–3 mm below the surface of the sample, as shown at right.



- 4. *Slowly* release the plunger to draw the sample. Pause, then remove the pipette from the sample tube.
- 5. Make sure there are no air bubbles or gaps in the pipette tip.
- 6. Place the pipette tip into the rotor's sample port, so that the tip just touches the sample port, as shown at right.
- Gently and slowly depress the pipette plunger to allow sample to slowly fill the sample chamber. See "Sample Delivery Volume" on page 1-8 for the appropriate sample delivery volume.

Note: Keep the pipette plunger pressed down until you remove the tip from the sample port.

Using a Disposable 100 µL Capillary Pipette

- 1. Keep the capillary pipette horizontal until it is over the sample port.
- 2. Raise the pipette to vertical (so it is perpendicular to the rotor surface), and place its tip in the sample port, as shown at right.
- 3. Push the black plunger down *slowly and smoothly* until the white plug reaches the end of the capillary pipette. (There will be a slight resistance at first.)

See "Sample Delivery Volume" on page 1-8 for the appropriate sample delivery volume.





Using a Lithium Heparinized Syringe

The sample can be dispensed directly into the rotor from a heparinized syringe. Gently invert the syringe three or four times to mix well. Remove the needle from the syringe before dispensing the sample, to minimize hemolysis.

See "Sample Delivery Volume" on page 1-8 for sample delivery volume.

Step 4: Analyze the Sample

For the procedure, see Section 4.4, "Running Tests."

If problems occur, see Section 7, "Troubleshooting."

Section 2

General Information

2.1 Intended Use

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer provides quantitative *in vitro* determinations of clinical chemistry analytes in heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, or serum.

CAUTION:	If the VetScan VS2 Analyzer is used in any way
	other than described in this manual, the analyzer
	may not operate as intended, may produce inac-
	curate or no results, and may pose a safety haz-
	ard.

2.2 Introducing the VetScan VS2

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer is compact and easily transported, and consists of a portable blood analyzer and single-use disposable reagent rotors. The analyzer contains a variable-speed motor to spin the rotor, a photometer to measure analyte concentrations, two microprocessors to control testing and analytical functions, and a thermal line printer to print out results. The analyzer also provides a color touchscreen for communicating with the analyzer. A drawer in the front of the analyzer guides the reagent rotor into place for the analysis. The analyzer also features an express mode and an advanced mode.

The reagent rotor is a clear plastic disc, 8 cm in diameter and 2 cm thick. The rotor contains an aqueous diluent in the center and dry reagent beads in cuvettes around its periphery. All blood separation and sample diluent mixing steps are performed in the rotor.

Results are printed for inclusion in the patient's medical record. Several USB ports are provided, and can be used to communicate with an external computer for data management.



Note: Use only VetScan Reagent Rotors with the VetScan VS2 Analyzer.

To perform an analysis, the operator only needs to collect a blood specimen (heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, or serum), place the sample in the reagent rotor and the rotor into its drawer, input patient information, and print the results.

The entire analysis requires $\sim 100 \ \mu L$ of sample and is capable of providing results in minutes.

2.3 Abaxis Technical Service

Abaxis Technical Service personnel can help with your questions about the VetScan VS2 Analyzer. Call Abaxis Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947.

2.4 Symbols Used in Labeling

The following symbols are found above the connectors or on the VetScan VS2 label, on the back of the analyzer.

Symbol	Explanation
===	Direct Current
	Caution (refer to accompanying documents)
	Biohazard
BIOHAZARD	In accordance with good laboratory practice, all material from human sources should be considered potentially infectious, and handled with the same precautions used with patient specimens.
•	USB Connection

2.5 Frequently Asked Questions

- "General Questions" on page 2-3
- "Analyzer Setup" on page 2-4
- "Samples" on page 2-5
- "Rotors" on page 2-5
- "Testing and Results" on page 2-6

General Questions

■ Is the VS2 a "one test at a time" system?

No. The VS2 offers a variety of assays in a number of preconfigured panels for the utmost flexibility, while requiring only seconds of hands-on time, and providing the lowest possible operating costs.

See Section C, "Methods Performance" for information on assays and panels.

■ Do I need a separate instrument for electrolytes or blood gases?

No. The VS2 offers Na+, K+, tCO_2 , and Cl- on certain panels, which can be run on the same unit, test procedure, and sample.

■ Can the analyzer detect a flawed or defective rotor?

Yes. The VS2's extensive Intelligent Quality Control (iQC) detects any flaw or potential anomaly in the rotor. Abaxis also provides a Performance Guarantee covering manufacture-defective rotors. (This does not include cancellations or assay suppressions due to improper rotor storage, operator error, or inadequate sample integrity.)

■ How many species can the VS2 store for reference ranges?

In addition to cat, dog, and horse, the VS2 includes pre-determined specie labels for entering your own reference ranges, and also provides 99 open labels for adding further species.

How many result records can the VS2 hold?

The VS2 stores the results of the last 5000 rotors run. Thereafter, the VS2 replaces the oldest record with the most recent.

What maintenance does the VS2 require?

The only required maintenance is cleaning the air filter on the back of the analyzer. See "Cleaning the Air Filter" on page 10-2.

Analyzer Setup

■ Does the VS2 require calibration?

No. Unlike any other system, the VS2 reagents are factory-calibrated. The analyzer reads calibration values from the bar code on the rotor itself. The VS2 then calibrates its optics automatically for each measurement, and measures optical absorbance to determine the concentration of each analyte.

■ Does the VS2 need surge protection or an uninterruptable power supply?

Abaxis recommends plugging the VS2 into a surge protector designed for use with a computer. Abaxis also recommends using an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) in areas prone to electrical surges or power outages.

■ Can I connect the VS2 to an external computer?

Yes. Sample results and status reports can be transmitted to a computer (through a USB port) whenever calculated or prepared. You can use popular terminal emulation software to collect the data from the VS2. The data is delivered in raw ASCII format, and can easily be converted to text for use in other applications.

For information about optional Ethernet connectivity capabilities, or ASTM or XML connections, contact Abaxis Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947.

The VS2 also interfaces with many commercial veterinary data management software packages. For information on compatible packages, check with your software vendor, or contact Abaxis Technical Service.

Samples



What types of samples can I run on the VS2?

Whole blood, serum, or plasma.

■ Is precision pipetting required?

No. Adding approximately $100-120 \ \mu l$ of sample is sufficient. (Make sure not to overfill the chamber, or internal spills can result.) The VS2's on-board microfluidics handle the rest.

■ Can I use sodium heparin?

No. This anticoagulant can alter results. We recommend using lithium heparin with the VS2.

■ Can I use whole blood directly in a rotor?

No. Syringes might be heparinized with sodium heparin anticoagulant, which is not recommended for use with the VS2. Instead, transfer the sample to a green top lithium heparin tube before loading into the rotor.

Rotors

■ If I inadvertently run an outdated rotor, do I risk inaccurate results?

The analyzer checks the rotor, and cancels the run if the rotor is outdated. *This makes it essential to set your VS2 to the correct date and time*. See "Changing Date and Time" on page 5-14 for instructions.

■ What is the shelf life of rotors?

Rotor shelf life depends on the type of rotor, but averages approximately 9 to 18 months from the date of manufacture. See the package label to determine the rotor expiration date.

To ensure optimal performance through the expiration date, the rotors *must be refrigerated* at $2-8^{\circ}$ C (36–46° F), and used one at a time directly from the refrigerator.

Note: Do not store rotors in the freezer. This freezes the diluent pack, which prevents it from running properly in the instrument.

If a rotor was exposed to heat do I risk unreliable results as with other systems? Or if it's run too cold?

Always store rotors in the appropriate conditions to help ensure accurate results. Rotors may tolerate brief exposure to heat or cold, but excessive exposure to extreme temperatures suppresses reporting of some results, since the VS2's extensive built-in iQC mechanisms protect against reporting results for potentially compromised analytes.

■ Do rotors require warm-up before use?

No. In fact, you should use rotors directly from the refrigerator.

Testing and Results

Does hemolysis, lipemia, or icterus affect the results on the VetScan VS2?

Endogenous substances such as hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus affect *all* blood chemistries, regardless of the type, size, or cost of the analysis instrument.

The VetScan VS2 is the *only* point-of-care analyzer that assesses and suppresses hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus by determining assay-by-assay the level at which these substances could affect the reliability of the results, and bringing this to the user's attention.

$\blacksquare \qquad \text{What do the tilde } (\sim \sim \sim) \text{ symbols in the results mean?}$

These symbols mean that the VS2's iQC algorithm is functioning correctly and results for that particular chemistry analysis were suppressed. If the VS2 cannot assure reliable results because of sample quality, endogenous substances, or unmeasurable analysis, the analyzer suppresses the results rather than simply report unreliable numbers.

■ What happens if I run a rotor under the wrong species?

The analyzer is specifically calibrated for different species. If a rotor is run under the wrong species bank, the results will be unusable, and the rotor must be run again under the correct species.

■ Can the VS2 results be transmitted to my lab management software?

Most lab management software is compatible with Abaxis equipment. Check with your software company to be certain.

Can I back up the results on my VS2?

No, but you can print out reference ranges and results, or transfer them for storage in your lab management software.

Can patients other than equine, large animal, or avian use the Equine, Large Animal, and Avian profiles?

No. Profiles and reference ranges are designed for the specific species indicated on the package label. Running samples of other species can provide inaccurate results because some analytes are species-specific. See the rotor package insert for more information.

■ My results do not match clinical observation. Does my VS2 need service?

If your results are extremely low, and would not seem to support life (for example, Ca < 4.0), this is likely the result of too little sample. This prevents the rotor from distributing the sample correctly, resulting in extremely low results for more than three chemistries. Rerun the sample for accurate results.

Section 3

Set Up and Analyzer Description

3.1 Unpacking the Analyzer

- 1. Remove the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer from the shipping carton. Place the analyzer on a level surface relatively free of animal hair, dust, and other contaminants. Do not place in a sunny window or near another heat source. See the required environmental specifications on page 3-5.
- 2. Check the components received with the VS2 against the list and figure below to make sure everything required to set up the analyzer is included.



- VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer
- Power adapter with cord
- Power cord
- USB cable
- Abaxis Driver CD
- VetScan VS2 operator's manual, quick reference guide, warranty card, and start-up packet (not shown)
- 3. Complete the warranty card and mail it to Abaxis within 10 days of installation to start the warranty period. Customers are placed on the customer mailing list to receive any information pertaining to the VS2 and ancillary products, such as software upgrades.

3.2 Setting Up the Analyzer

Refer to the required environmental specifications in Section 3.

- 1. Check that the VetScan VS2 is:
 - On a sturdy, level surface, free of vibration and sudden jolts.
 - In an ambient operating temperature of 15–32 °C (59–90 °F).
 - In an environment free of animal hair, dust, and other contaminants.
 - Not placed near a sunny window or another heat source.
 - At least six inches from the wall for access to the power connection and USB ports.

Note: If the analyzer is subjected to an electrostatic discharge event, you may need to restart the unit.

- 2. Plug the power jack into the analyzer, and plug the detachable power supply cord into the power adapter and into a grounded electrical outlet.
 - Note: To prevent power surges or drain, do not plug the analyzer into the same circuit as a centrifuge or any other high-current device. If this is not possible, use an ancillary surge protector or battery backup for the analyzer.



WARNING: Use only the VS2 power supply. Any other power supply will damage the instrument and void the warranty.

- 3. Install a paper roll in the analyzer's printer.
 - a. Open the printer cover. If the printer contains a roll of paper, remove it.
 - b. Remove the wrapper from the paper roll, then unroll several inches of printer paper.
 - c. Put the paper roll into the printer so that the paper unrolls from the bottom of the roll and out towards the front of the analyzer, as shown.
 - d. Make sure several inches of paper extend out of the printer slot, then press the cover closed till it locks into place.
 - e. Pull gently on the end of the paper to make sure it is taut.
- 4. Press the Power button to turn on the analyzer.

The following appears:





Note: If no display message appears (blank display), remove the plug from the adapter, re-attach, and press in firmly. See Section 7.2, "Quality Control Features" for details about the analyzer self test. You may need to allow additional time for the heaters to warm the analyzer to operating temperature.



During the warming period, the display reads as shown:



- Home Analyze
- 5. After passing the self test and reaching operating temperature, the analyzer is ready to run the first reagent rotor, and displays "Analyze".
- 6. Make sure the analyzer date and time are correct. See Section 5.7, "Changing Date and Time" for directions.
- To connect the VS2 Analyzer to an external computer or printer, see Section 11, "Connecting to an External Computer" for directions.
- 8. The following species are available: CAT, DOG, HORSE, and OTHER. Each species has a set of reference (or "normal") ranges associated with it for each method. When the analyzer is shipped from the factory, the reference ranges for CAT, DOG, and HORSE animal types are pre-defined; these values can be changed using the Customizing Reference Range feature described in Section 5.
 - *Note:* To order reagent rotors, pipettes, tips, and printer paper, contact an authorized distributor, or contact Abaxis Customer Service at 1-800-822-2947 during regular business hours.

3.3 Analyzer and Environmental Specifications

Analyzer dimensions:	Height: Width: Depth:	32.4 cm 15.2 cm 20.3 cm	(12.75 inches) (6 inches) (8 inches)
Weight:	Analyzer: Power Adapter:	5.1 kg 0.7 kg	(11.2 pounds) (1.6 pounds)
Mode of operation:	Continuous		
Protection against ingress of fluids:	Ordinary equipment (IPXO)		
Altitude:	2000 m (6562 ft)		
Ambient operating temperature:	15–32 °C (59–90 °F), indoor use		
Humidity:	8–80% relative humidity noncondensing		
Reaction temperature:	37 °C (98.6 °F)		
Thermal protection rating:	70 °C (158 °F)		
Power requirements:	100–240 volts AC, 50–60 Hz or 15 Volts DC, 5.0 A Main unit: 1.1 to 0.45 amps, 15 volts DC, 5.0 A		
Main supply voltage:	Fluctuations not to exceed $\pm 10\%$ of the nominal voltage		
Transient overvoltages:	Installation Category II in accordance with UL 61010A-1 first edition Annex J		
Pollution:	Degree 2 in accor	dance with	IEC 664

3.4 VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer Overview

Note: Be sure to become familiar with the VS2 before running samples.

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer consists of a portable analyzer and disposable single-use reagent rotors. Each reagent rotor contains all the reagents needed to perform a profile of tests on a single sample.

The VetScan VS2 uses centrifugal and capillary forces to process heparinized whole blood samples and distribute diluted plasma to the reaction chambers (cuvettes) in the reagent rotor. Serum and heparinized plasma samples are processed in a similar manner. The analyzer optically measures the chemical reactions and calculates analyte concentrations from these measurements and from encoded calibration data contained on the bar code ring.



Results are stored in memory, printed by the analyzer's internal printer, and can be communicated to external computers for various types of data management.

The analyzer communicates to the operator through the display screen. The display gives procedural instruction, indicates the status of the analyzer, and presents error messages.

The operator provides information to the analyzer through the touchscreen — for details, see "Touchscreen" on page 3-7.

The rotor drawer slides out from the front of the analyzer, transports the reagent rotor into the analyzer, and positions it for analysis.

Two power supply cords are provided: one connects to the power adapter and to the back of the analyzer, while the other connects the power adapter to power supply (a surge protector designed for use with a computer is recommended). The external adaptor changes the electrical outlet voltage to the DC voltage required by the analyzer.

The analyzer includes several USB connectors, one of which can be used for all communication links. See Section 11, "Connecting to an External Computer" for details.

The operator can easily carry the analyzer using the recessed handle incorporated into the top of the unit.

Touchscreen

The operator communicates with the analyzer through a touchscreen.

Turn the analyzer on or off by pressing and holding the Power button on the front of the instrument.

Note: Before powering off the analyzer, be sure to remove and dispose of any rotor in the instrument.



To open or close the drawer, press **ANALYZE** or **CLOSE** on the touchscreen. When open, the operator can insert or remove a reagent rotor (see Section 4). Closing the drawer containing a reagent rotor begins the analysis.



- The operator uses the ten numbers on the touchscreen to input patient information.
- The left and right arrow touchscreen keys move the display cursor forward or backward to change a number on the display. The right arrow key (▶) functions as a dash (-) when entering a patient identification number. The left arrow key (◀) functions as a backspace.
- Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to scroll through a displayed list of items, or to increase or decrease a displayed value.
- Operating functions are accessed through various icons on the touchscreen, as well as specific keys that appear on the touchscreen according to the actions performed.
- Press Back on the touchscreen to cancel a choice and return to the previous screen, or to move backward through a series of screens.

Results for previously analyzed samples can be accessed using the Recall function. See Section 6, "Recalling Results" for details on how to use this feature.

3.5 Reagent Rotors

The reagent rotors are specially designed to perform all the steps required to convert a few drops of blood into a panel of test results.



The rotor spins, separating the whole blood sample into plasma and cells. Precisely measured quantities of plasma and diluent are mixed together and delivered to the reaction cuvettes along the rotor perimeter. The diluted plasma dissolves the reagent beads, initiating the chemical reactions which are monitored photometrically. The bar code printed on the rotor bar code ring provides calibration data specific for the chemistries in the rotor, ensuring accurate results.

A sample is introduced into the reagent rotor via the **Sample Port**. A circle around the sample port is printed on the surface of each rotor to aid the operator in locating this port.

The **Sample Fill Line** is indicated by the two arrows on the rotor surface. The sample will form a line between the arrows when sufficient sample has been placed in the rotor sample chamber.

A **Diluent Container** is sealed with foil and can be seen in the center of the reagent rotor. The container is automatically opened after a rotor is inserted into the analyzer and the drawer is closed. The diluent is an aqueous solution which is used to dilute the plasma.

Cuvettes are located along the perimeter of the reagent rotor and contain analyte-specific dry reagent beads. System cuvettes perform internal rotor quality control. A dark cuvette and an open cuvette are employed in calibrating the analyzer photometer. Another cuvette ensures that an adequate amount of sample is in the rotor.

The **Bar Code Ring** is a white plastic piece that is attached to the top of the reagent rotor. A bar code is printed on the ring. The bar code ring is designed to keep fingerprints off the cuvette optical surfaces. It also aids in preventing contamination of the analyzer by capturing small drops of blood that may be on the rotor surface.

The **Bar Code** contains calibration coefficients, a rotor identification code, rotor lot number, and rotor expiration date. The analyzer automatically checks the expiration date of each rotor. Calibration data contained in the bar code provides the analyzer with data specific to the reagents in that particular rotor.

Section 4

Test Procedure and Results

4.1 Introduction to Testing

Note: Use only VetScan Reagent Rotors with the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer.

The basic testing procedure is listed below. The remainder of this section describes the details of collecting samples and preparing the reagent rotor (Section 4.2), sample processing (Section 4.4), and interpreting results (Section 4.6).

- 1. Store rotors in a refrigerator (2–8 °C, 36–46 °F). Rotors can be used directly from the refrigerator without warming.
- 2. Collect the sample (lithium-heparinized whole blood, lithium-heparinized plasma or serum).
- 3. Remove the reagent rotor from its pouch.

CAUTION: Inspect the rotor for any damage before use.

4. Dispense ~100 μL of sample into the rotor through the sample port, as shown at right.

A 100 μ L sample forms a line between the two arrows printed on the rotor. If there are air bubbles in



the chamber, add more sample (not to exceed 120 μ L). Expel air or bubbles from the tip of the transfer device before adding more sample.

5. Press **ANALYZE** on the touchscreen to open the analyzer's rotor drawer. Place the rotor in the drawer, then press **CLOSE** on the touchscreen.

There is no need to orient the rotor in a particular direction. Analysis begins automatically when the drawer closes.

6. Input patient information such as patient ID, operator ID, etc., as directed by the analyzer's display. The analyzer then processes the sample



with no further input. Sample processing is complete when "Analysis Complete" appears on the display.

- 7. The results are stored in the analyzer and printed automatically. (Results can also be recalled and printed later as needed see Section 6 for instructions).
- 8. Open the rotor drawer and remove the rotor. The rotor may be placed back into the foil pouch before disposal. Press **CLOSE** to close the drawer if another reagent rotor will not be run immediately.

THE VETSCAN VS2 CHEMISTRY ANALYZER IS NOW READY TO RUN THE SAMPLE.

4.2 Collecting Samples

Note: Always follow these guidelines when collecting or testing samples:

- Analyze whole blood samples within 60 minutes of collection.
- Use the rotor within 20 minutes of opening the pouch.
- Run the rotor within 10 minutes of applying sample to the rotor.

Approximately 100 µL of sample is required. Use no-additive evacuated specimen collection tubes or serum separator tubes for serum samples. Use only lithium heparin evacuated specimen collection tubes for whole blood or plasma samples. When collecting the sample in lithium heparin collection tubes, fill the tube at least halfway so the anticoagulant does not become too concentrated in the sample.

Run whole blood samples within 60 minutes of collection. If this is not possible, separate the sample and transfer it into a clean test tube. Run the separated plasma or serum sample within 5 hours of centrifugation. If this is not possible, refrigerate the sample in a stoppered test tube at 2–8 °C (36–46 °F) for no longer than 48 hours. A heparinized plasma or serum sample can be stored at -10 °C (14 °F) for up to 5 weeks in a freezer that does not have a self-defrost cycle.

4.3 Adding a Sample to the Rotor

1. Remove the "practice" rotor from the start-up pack and practice loading a sample, using a preferred transfer device after reading the instructions in this section.

CAUTION: The practice rotor is for sample loading practice only. DO NOT RUN THIS ROTOR IN THE VS2 — IT WILL CANCEL THE ANALYSIS.

a. Fixed 100 µL Volume Pipette

- 1. Firmly attach a new tip to the end of the pipette. **Do not** touch the tip (may cause false elevation of amylase).
- 2. With the index finger or thumb, push the pipette button to the stop position and hold it down for sample pickup.
- 3. Immerse the tip 2–3 mm below the surface of the sample as shown.
- 4. Release the button **SLOWLY** to pick up the sample. Pause, then remove the pipette from the sample tube.

5. Check that there are no air bubbles or air gaps in the pipette tip. Place pipette tip into the sample port of the rotor. The tip should touch the sample port as shown.

Refer to "Sample Delivery Volume" below for appropriate sample delivery volume.



6. Gently depress the button on the pipette to allow the sample to **SLOWLY** fill the sample chamber. **Keep the pipette button depressed until you** remove it from the sample port.

b. Sample Delivery Volume

Follow these guidelines to make sure you add the correct sample volume to the reagent rotor.

- When a sufficient quantity of sample is added, it will form a line between the arrows on the rotor surface.
- If an air bubble is introduced, add enough sample to fill the overflow area by 1/3 to 1/2, as shown at right.
- Make sure any excess sample does not travel beyond the overflow area.



CAUTION: Do not try to remove the sample and reintroduce it to the rotor.

Note: After the sample is added to the rotor, make sure there is no excess blood on the top of the rotor. Gently wipe off the excess, being careful not to draw any sample from the sample port. Excess sample can spin off the rotor and into the rotor chamber, and can degrade performance.
4.4 Running Tests

This section includes detailed, step-by-step instructions for performing analyses using the VS2.

Note: The VS2 includes a number of optional data functions that can be used to enter more detailed information about samples.

In this manual, the screens for these functions are marked with this icon: .

However, the screens for these functions will appear on the analyzer only if the functions are enabled. If the screen shown in the manual does not appear on the analyzer screen, skip that step.

See page 5-30 for details about these functions.

1. Turn on the analyzer power by pressing the Power button on the front of the analyzer. *Do this before removing reagent rotors from the refrigerator.*

The analyzer starts up, then performs a self test.

See Section 7.2, "Quality Control Features" for information about the analyzer self test. Alternatively, the analyzer can be left on.





The analyzer's heaters may require time to warm the analyzer rotor chamber to operating temperature. If so, the analyzer displays this while warming up:



When the analyzer reaches operating temperature, it displays the main analysis screen.

Note: Rotors can be used directly from the refrigerator. (Prolonged time at room temperature can cause suppression of chemistries and rotor cancellations.) Do not expose rotors — in or out of pouches — to temperatures higher than 32 °C (90 °F).



- 2. Inspect the unopened foil pouch for tears and punctures. Do not use a rotor from a damaged pouch.
- 3. Collect the sample. See "Collecting Samples" on page 4-2 for instructions.
- 4. Tear open the rotor pouch at the notch on the edge of the package.

Note: A rotor must be used within 20 minutes of opening the pouch. Do not refrigerate a rotor after opening the pouch.

5. Remove the reagent rotor from the pouch by holding the edges of the rotor. This eliminates the possibility of fingerprints on the optical surfaces of the rotor.

CAUTION: Inspect the rotor for any damage before use.

- 6. Use a transfer device to dispense ~100 μ L of sample into the sample port.
 - *Note:* Make sure whole blood samples are homogeneous before adding the sample to the reagent rotor. Gently invert the collection tube several times before filling the transfer device. Do not shake the collection tube; shaking can cause hemolysis.
 - a. Place the transfer device in the sample port (see "Collecting Samples" on page 4-2) and tilt the device until it is perpendicular to the rotor surface (device should touch the sample port).
 - b. Fill the sample chamber by transferring the sample slowly and smoothly.
 - *CAUTION:* Do not apply excess blood to the sample port. Excess blood may contaminate the analyzer.

- c. A 100 μ L sample will fill the sample chamber and form a line between the two triangles printed on the rotor, as shown in the figure at right. The reagent rotor is designed to handle up to 120 μ L of sample which will partially fill the well just beyond the two triangles.
 - *Note:* If an air bubble is introduced, add enough sample to fill the overflow area by 1/3 to 1/2. The figure at right shows sample volumes. Review this diagram before adding sample to the rotor.



- d. Tilt the rotor approximately 45° so that the sample port is higher than the arrows. This will cause any sample remaining at the sample port to flow into the sample chamber.
- 7. Do not spill blood on the bar code ring or reagent rotor. Carefully wipe up any spilled blood with a lint-free tissue. Ensure that the tissue does not pull any sample back out of the sample port.
- 8. Patient identification numbers may be written in the space indicated at right. Do not write anywhere else on the rotor or on the bar code ring.
- 9. Hold the reagent rotor by its edges and keep it in a flat position while carrying it to the analyzer.
 - *Note:* The test run must begin within 10 minutes of placing the sample in the reagent rotor.

Sample volume should not exceed 120 μ L



10. Press **ANALYZE** on the touchscreen to open the rotor drawer.





Note: In the Load Rotor screen, press the information icon *icon* to view additional help screens outlining the basic analysis procedure. (Press *Next* and *Back* to move through the screens, and *Exit* to close them.)



- 11. Place the rotor in the recessed area in the drawer.
- 12. Press **CLOSE** on the touchscreen. The analyzer then closes the drawer.

Closing Drawer...



Enter the operator ID using the touchscreen, then press **Done**.

The operator ID is a number of up to 14 digits that is assigned by the facility.

	Enter Operator ID				
	1234567890123 <u>4</u>				
1 2 3					
	4	5	5	6	
	7	8	3	9	
	\bigtriangledown	()		
	Cancel Done				

The right arrow key (\blacktriangleright) functions as a dash (–), and the left arrow key (\blacktriangleleft) functions as a backspace.

14. Select the species of the sample being analyzed from the choices shown in the display. (The exact choices depend on how the analyzer is configured — the figure shows the default selections.)

Select Type					
D	Dog				
Cat					
Но	rse				
Ot	Other				
Back	Cancel				

Note: The correct Type is necessary for results to be interpreted correctly.

15. Select the patient's gender.



Enter the patient's age using the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys (be sure to adjust the units if needed), then press **Done**.

0	2	Yrs.
Δ	Δ	Δ
\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown

(E	nter Patien	t ID		
1	1234567890123 <u>4</u>				
	1	2	3		
	4	5	6		
	7	8	9		
	d	0			
Back Done					



17. Enter an ID number for the patient (up to 14 characters), then press **Done**.

The right arrow key (\blacktriangleright) functions as a dash (–), and the left arrow key (\blacktriangleleft) functions as a backspace.

Enter an alternate ID (up to 14 characters), then press

Done.

- 19. The analyzer checks the rotor type, and begins processing the sample with no further input.
 Patient: 12345678901234
 Analyzing Sample...
 Determining rotor type...
 Comprehensive Dianostic Panel
 CANCEL
- 20. When the sample is finished processing, the analyzer stores the results and shows that analysis is complete.



21. By default, the analyzer automatically prints the results of the analysis.

If the results do not print automatically, they can be recalled from memory and printed — see "Searching Results" on page 6-3.

Note: Be sure to review the results printout for any suppressed results, which are marked with these symbols: ~~~



23. Remove the rotor from the drawer.

CAUTION: Dispose of the rotor according to the lab's standard procedures for animal samples.

- 24. To analyze another sample, insert a new rotor and repeat the above procedure.
- 25. When finished, press **CLOSE** to close the drawer and return the analyzer to standby mode.



4.5 Canceling an Analysis

1. To cancel an analysis in process, press **CANCEL** on the touch-screen.



2. Press **CANCEL** to confirm. The analysis is then cancelled, and the rotor drawer opens.



3. Remove the rotor from the drawer. The analyzer is now ready to perform another analysis. Press **CLOSE** to close the drawer.

4.6 Using Test Results

The results calculated by the analyzer are stored in memory and printed automatically, and can be recalled and printed later as needed. If the analyzer is connected to an external computer, the results are automatically transmitted as soon as they are calculated. See Section 9.2, "Principles of Operation" for the basic procedure and equations used to calculate analyte concentrations.

The figure at the right shows a typical results printout. The heading includes information such as the test date and time, sample type, patient identification number, reagent rotor type, rotor lot number, operator identification number, and analyzer serial number. The test results section is printed in multiple columns, including chemistry name, analyte concentration, and reference range in specified units, as shown at right.

Each rotor contains reagents to detect exposure to extreme conditions such as temperature and humidity. The message "QC OK" is printed on the results when results from these reagents are within the expected ranges. Otherwise, no results are printed, and the analyzer opens the rotor drawer.

- VetScan VSZ Comprehensive Diagnostic 15 Aug 2008 03:52 P Sample Type: Dog Sample ID: Rotor Lot Number: 6021AB7 Serial Number: 0000V01022 AL B 3.3 2.5-4.4 s/dL ALP 105 20-150 U/L ALT 46 10-118 U/L AMY 497 200-1200 U/L TBIL 0.1-0.6 mø/dL 1.6 * BUN 21 7-25 ma/dL CA 8.7 8.6-11.8 mg/dL PHOS 6.0 2.9-6.6 mg/dL CRE 1.9 * 0.3-1.4 ms/dL GLU 129 * 60-110 mg/dL NA+ 141 138-160 mmol/L K+ 5.5 3.7-5.8 mmol/L TP 6.4 5.4-8.2 a/dL GLOB 8/dL 3.1 2.3-5.2 90 OK HEM 3+ LIP 0 ICT 1+
- Results outside the reference range are indicated in by an asterisk (*) next to the analyte concentration.
- Results outside the dynamic range and system range are indicated by a "less than" symbol (<) next to the lowest value of the dynamic or system range, or a "greater than" symbol (>) next to the highest value of the dynamic or system range. (For example, concentrations outside Glucose dynamic range are printed as <10 or >700 mg/dl, respectively, and concentrations outside Glucose system range are printed as 0 or >1200 mg/dL, respectively.)

- The symbols "~~~" are printed in place of numbers when a result cannot be determined — that is, when the result is suppressed. A result can be suppressed due to improper mixing of a reagent bead with diluted sample, a nonlinear reaction, an endpoint of a particular reaction not reached, or a concentration outside the analyzer's capabilities. When a chemistry is suppressed (~~~), the analyzer prints an error report by default.
- HEM, LIP, or ICT is printed in place of the analyte concentration if hemolysis, lipemia, or icterus has adversely affected the results. LIP is also printed if both lipemia and icterus have been affected. HEM is also printed if hemolysis and icterus, hemolysis and lipemia, or hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus have affected a particular analyte. Examine the sample indices to determine if more than one interferent is affecting a particular result.
- The sample indices are included at the bottom of the results. These indicate the degree of hemolysis, icterus, and lipemia found in the sample, measured on a scale of 0 (clear), 1+ (slight), 2+ (moderate), and 3+ (gross).

If the sample is identified as hemolytic, collect a new sample and run another reagent rotor. If the new sample is also hemolytic, refer to Section 8. High lipemia may be due to diet. Ensure the patient has fasted for at least 12 hours before collecting another sample. For suggestions on testing grossly lipemic or icteric samples, see Section 8.

4.7 Test Procedure Summary

VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer

- Check that the electrical outlet utilized for the analyzer is grounded.
- Check that the ambient temperature where the analyzer is located is 15–32 °C (59–90 °F).
- Do not disconnect the power to the analyzer while running a sample.
- Keep the analyzer drawer closed when not in use.
- Do not attempt to repair the analyzer; this may void the warranty. Refer to Section 8 for troubleshooting and Section 10 for regular maintenance.

Reagent Rotors

- Do not use an expired rotor. The reagent rotor expiration date is printed on the foil pouch and is encoded in the bar code.
- Store all reagent rotors at 2–8 °C (36–46 °F) as described on their respective pouch labels. Rotors may be used directly from the refrigerator.
- Keep reagent rotors clean. Handle rotors only along the edges to eliminate the possibility of fingerprints on the cuvette optical surfaces. Use a lint-free tissue to clean off large quantities of blood.
- After introducing the sample, hold the reagent rotor flat to avoid spillage.
- Never use a reagent rotor that has been dropped.
- Use the reagent rotor within **20 minutes** of opening the foil pouch.
- **R**un the reagent rotor within **10 minutes** of applying the sample.

Samples

- Analyze whole blood samples within 60 minutes of collection.
- Fill the lithium heparin specimen collection tube at least halfway to ensure the sample does not have a high concentration of anticoagulant.
- To prevent hemolysis, do not refrigerate or shake whole blood samples.
- When adding blood to evacuated collection tubes, remove the needle from the syringe and the stopper from the tube, and gently place the sample into the tube. (If sample is injected through the stopper, hemolysis may occur.)

Handling Samples

Use the following guidelines and procedures to ensure best results.

Syringe Guide

- \Box Small breed: up to 10 kg use a 25-gauge syringe.
- □ Medium breed: 10–30 kg use a 22-gauge syringe.
- □ Larger breed: 30–60 kg use a 20-gauge syringe.
- \Box Giant breed: over 60 kg use an 18-gauge syringe.
- Before dispensing, remove the needle to avoid hemolysis.
- Dispense the sample slowly into the sample tube.
- For dehydrated patients: Use plasma, or allow the sample to settle for 5 minutes and then draw from the top of the sample.

Test Tube Order

To prevent contamination, always fill test tubes in this order:

1. **Red top:** No anticoagulant.

Note: Use the red top test tube only if necessary. If the red top tube is not needed, fill the green top tube first. But when needed, the red top tube **must** be filled before any other.

- 2. **Green top:** Lithium heparin. Anticoagulant for chemistry only.
- 3. **Purple top:** EDTA. Anticoagulant for hematology only.

CAUTIONS: Do not remove a sample from the rotor and try to reintroduce it to the rotor.

Never place green top tubes on a test-tube rocker.

Store samples at room temperature, and use within 60 minutes.

EDTA contamination severely affects results, most notably Ca and K+.

Section 5

Configuring the Analyzer

This section describes how to configure the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer to achieve excellent performance.

- Make general analyzer settings as shown in "Using the Settings Screens" on page 5-2.
- Set species reference ranges for the specific patient population, and print, transmit, or archive these ranges.
 - "Customizing Reference Ranges" on page 5-2
 - "Printing and Archiving Reference Ranges" on page 5-10
 - "Transmitting Reference Ranges" on page 5-12
- Change general analyzer settings.
 - "Viewing Analyzer Identification" on page 5-13
 - □ "Changing Date and Time" on page 5-14
 - □ "Selecting the Language" on page 5-15
 - □ "Selecting Units" on page 5-16
 - "Setting Sound Volumes" on page 5-22
 - □ "Adjusting the Display" on page 5-23
 - □ "Configuring Printers" on page 5-26
 - □ "Setting Communication Protocol" on page 5-29
 - □ "Setting Optional Advanced Functions" on page 5-30

5.1 Using the Settings Screens

The following shows the general path through the menus for performing the procedures in this section. These procedures are available whenever the analyzer displays the Home screen.

1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.

The Analyzer Settings screen then opens. From here, adjust the date and time, language, sound, display, and printer, or view basic information about the analyzer.

2. Press the More Settings icon.

This opens the second Analyzer Settings screen. Use this screen as a starting point to make additional settings, work with reference ranges, or update the analyzer's software.

3. Press **Home** to return to the analyzer's Home screen.

5.2 Customizing Reference Ranges

The reference ranges stored in the analyzer may be changed so that they are specific for a patient population. This can be done whenever the Home screen is displayed.

Note: Change reference ranges in either Common units or SI units, not both. The analyzer automatically converts units.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Reference Range Settings icon.







4. Select the reference range to modify.

5.

- To modify the last reference range that was changed, press Last Modified, then skip to step 4 on page 5-4.
- To modify any reference range, press All, then continue to step 5.





- the following procedures are available:
 Modify the reference range for a specific analyte: see below.
 Modify a set of ranges associated with a particular spe-
 - Modify a set of ranges associated with a particular species: see page 5-4.

The Modify Reference Ranges screen then opens. From here,

- Add a reference range for a new species: see page 5-5.
- Delete a species: see page 5-9.

Modifying Reference Ranges of a Single Analyte

Change the reference ranges for a specific analyte as follows.

- 1. In the Modify Reference Ranges screen, press **Analyte**.
- 2. Select the analyte from the list. Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

	Analytaliat				
	Analy				
	ALB				
	ALP				
	ALT				
AMY AST					
	Back Home				

Select the reference range from the list. If needed, use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to view the entire list.

- 4. Use the controls to set the upper and lower limits for the range.
 - Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to adjust the values.
 - Press **Clear** to set both limits to zero.
 - Press Default to use the factory default values for the range.
- 5. Press **Save** to store the changes.

Modifying the Reference Ranges for a Species

Use this procedure to modify the reference ranges for a particular species, or the analyzer's default set.

- 1. In the Modify Reference Ranges screen, press **Species**.
- 2. Choose a species from the list. Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys as needed to scroll through the list.

ALD Rallyes				
Dog	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
Cat	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
Equine	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
Cntl. 1	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
Cntl. 2	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
Z			7	
Back		Н	ome	

ALB Default Range [g/dL]			
Low	er	Upper	
3.	3	5.5	
Δ		Δ	
		\bigtriangledown	
Clea	ar	Default	
Cancel Save			

	Species			
	Add Species			
	Remove Species			
	Dog			
Cat				
	Back Home			

3. The analyzer displays the ranges for the species.

Select the analyte to adjust. If needed, use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

- 4. Use the controls to set the upper and lower limits for the range.
 - Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to adjust the values.
 - Press **Clear** to set both limits to zero.
 - Press Default to use the factory default values for the range.
- 5. Press **Save** to store the changes.

Adding a Species

Use this procedure to add reference ranges for a particular species (including pre-defined species).

- 1. In the Modify Reference Ranges screen, press **Species**.
- 2. Press Add Species.

Species			
Add Species			
Remove Species			
Species			
\bigtriangledown			
Home			

	ALB Default	Pange [g/d] 1			
Γ	Lower Upper				
	3.3	5.5			
	Δ	Δ			
	\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown			
[Clear	Default			
	Cancel Save				

Species 1 Ranges				
ALB	3.3 - 5.5	5	g/dL	
ALP	3 - 5		U/L	
ALT	3 - 6		U/L	
AMY	2 - 4		U/L	
AST	1 - 3		U/L	
Δ		Ţ	V	
Back Home				

Configuring the Analyzer

Select Species 1 to create a reference range for a new, unnamed species, Control 1 to create a range for a new control level, or Select to create a reference range for a predefined species.

- To create a reference range for a new, unnamed species:
 - a. Press Species 1.

- b. Set minimum and maximum values for each of the analytes to be included in the range:
 - i. Select the analyte to adjust. If needed, use the up (▲) and down (♥) arrow keys to scroll through the list.
 - ii. Use the controls to set upper and lower limits for the analyte.
 - □ Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the values.
 - □ Press **Clear** to set both limits to zero.
 - Press **Default** to use the factory default values for the range.
- *Note:* Entering zero for both values suppresses printing ranges for this analyte in results (blanks appear instead), and also suppresses checking the recovered value against the range limits.
 - c. Press **Save** to store the changes.

		Species 1 Ranges		
	ALB	0.0 - 0.0	g/dL	
	ALP	0 - 0	U/L	
•••••	ALT	0 - 0	U/L	
•••••	AMY	0 - 0	U/L	

AST

0 - 0

 \triangle

Back

U/L

 ∇

Home

ALB Species 1 Range [g/dL]		
Lower	Upper	
0.0	0.0	
Δ	Δ	
\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown	
Clear	Default	
Cancel Save		





- To create a new control:
 - a. Press Control 1.
 - b. Set minimum and maximum values for each of the analytes to be included in the range:
 - Select the analyte to adjust from the list. If needed, use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to view the entire list.

	Control 1 Limits			
	ALB	0.0 - 0.0	0	g/dL
	ALP	0 - 0		U/L
	ALT	0 - 0		U/L
-	AMY	0 - 0		U/L
	AST	0 - 0		U/L
	L	2	7	7
	Ba	ck	Н	ome

- ii. Use the controls to set upper and lower limits for the analyte.
 - Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the values.
 - □ Press **Clear** to set both limits to zero.
 - Press **Default** to use the factory default values for the range.
- ALB Control 1 Limit [g/dL]

 Lower
 Upper

 0.0
 0.0

 △
 △

 ○
 ▽

 ○
 ▽

 Clear
 Default

 Cancel
 Save

Note: Entering zero for both values suppresses printing

ranges for this analyte in results (blanks appear instead), and also suppresses checking the recovered value against the range limits.

- c. Press **Save** to store the changes.
- To create a reference range for a particular pre-defined species label:
 - a. Press Select.
 - b. Select the animal type from those listed. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

_			
	Species	Available	
	Canine		
	Feline		
	Equine		
	Avian		
	Reptile/Amphibian		
	Back	Home	

- c. Select the species. Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.
- Species Available

 Amazon

 Budgerigar

 Caiques

 Canaries

 Cockatiel

 △

 Back

Amazon Ranges			
ALB	0.0 - 0.0)	g/dL
ALP	0 - 0		U/L
ALT	0 - 0		U/L
AMY	0 - 0		U/L
AST	0 - 0		U/L
Back Home			

ALB Amazon Range [g/dL]		
Lower	Upper	
3.3	5.5	
\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown	
Clear	Default	
Cancel Save		

- d. Set minimum and maximum values for each of the analytes to be included in the range.
 - i. Select the analyte to adjust. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to scroll through the list.
 - ii. Use the controls to set upper and lower limits for the analyte.
 - Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the values.
 - □ Press **Clear** to set both limits to zero.
 - Press **Default** to use the factory default values for the range.
- *Note:* Entering zero for both values suppresses printing ranges for this analyte in results (blanks appear instead), and also suppresses checking the recovered value against the range limits.
 - e. Press **Save** to store the changes.

Removing a Species

Use this procedure to remove the reference ranges for a particular species.

- 1. In the Modify Reference Ranges screen, press **Species**.
- 2. Press **Remove Species**.

Species	
Add Species	
Remove Species	
Factory Default Species	
Dog	
Cat	
Back	Home

Remove Species

 ∇

Home

Dog Cat Horse Cow Cockatiel

 \bigtriangleup

Back

3. Select the species to remove. Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

4.	A warning screen then appears. Press Continue to permanently
	remove the species.



Printing and Archiving Reference Ranges 5.3

Reference ranges can be printed, or stored in the analyzer as archive files for later use or review.

- In the Home screen, press the Settings icon. 1.
- Press the More Settings icon. 2.
- 3. Press the Archive Reference Ranges icon.
- 4. Press Send.

To archive the reference ranges into the analyzer's inter-nal memory, press Internal Archive.

> The reference range is then stored in the analyzer under the current date and time.



Archive Reference Ranges Send Retrieve











- To archive the ranges onto a PC connected to the analyzer:
 - a. Press External Archive.
 - b. Select the species reference range to store.

The reference range is then stored on the PC under the current date and time.

Select Report		
All		
D	Dog	
С	Cat	
Horse		
Other		
Back	Home	

- To print a range:
 - a. Press **Printer**.
 - b. Select the species reference range to print.

5.4 Retrieving Reference Ranges

Reference ranges can be retrieved from archives as follows.

- *Note: Retrieving an archived reference range overwrites all reference range values currently in the analyzer. Consider archiving the current reference ranges before retrieving another set.*
- 1. Press **Retrieve**.
- 2. Select the archive to retrieve. Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

Internal	Archives
30 Nov 2008 10:	01 AM
12 Nov 2008 12:	01 PM
31 Oct 2008 7:0	1 AM
30 Sep 2008 3:1	5 PM
31 Aug 2008 10:	10 AM
Δ	_▽
Back	Home

3. A warning screen then appears. Press **Continue** to retrieve the archived reference range.

5.5 Transmitting Reference Ranges

Reference ranges can be transmitted to a connected PC and stored for later use or review.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Archive Reference Ranges icon.
- 4. Press Send.









5-12

Select the species reference range to store.

The reference range is then stored on the PC under the current

5.6 Viewing Analyzer Identification

Use this function to verify information about the analyzer, such as serial number and the version of the installed software.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Analyzer Information icon.

5. Press **External Archive**.

date and time.

6.

Send Reference Ranges		
Prir	Printer	
Internal	Archive	
External	Archive	
i		
Back	Back Home	

Select Report		
 All		
 Dog		
 Cat		
Horse		
 Other		
Back Home		





3. The display then shows the analyzer information.

5.7 Changing Date and Time

The date and time is factory preset to Pacific Time. Reset the date and time as needed when setting up the analyzer, and periodically thereafter.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Date and Time icon.
- 3. Use the controls to set the time:

5-14

- Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the hour and minutes.
- Press 12/24 Hour to switch between 12- and 24-hour time formats.
- Press **Zero Sec.** to set the seconds to zero.







Press **Date** when the time is set.

Note: If the time entered is invalid, an error message appears — press *Continue*, set the correct time, then press *Done*.

- 5. Use the up and down arrow keys to adjust the day, month, and year.
- 6. Press **Done**.

4.

Note: If the date entered is invalid, an error message appears — press *Continue*, set the correct date, then press *Done*.

5.8 Selecting the Language

The analyzer provides several languages for menus and printing. Select the language to use (English is the default) as follows.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Languages icon.
- 3. Select the language from the list. If needed, use the up (▲) and down (♥) arrow keys to view the entire list.



Set Date





4. Select the keyboard type from the list. If needed, use the up and down arrows to view the entire list.

5.9 Selecting Units

You can select either Common Units, such as mg/dL, or SI Units (Systeme International), such as mmol/L, to report results.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Units Settings icon.
- 4. Set the units used for all analytes, a particular analyte, or a class of analytes (electrolytes, enzymes, minerals, or proteins) as follows.
 - To set units for all analytes:
 - a. Press All Analytes.

English (USA)	
Français	
Deutsch	
Italiano	
Español	
Δ	\bigtriangledown
Back	Home

Select Keyboard Type







b. Select the units to use for all analytes: Non SI or SI.



- To set the units for a particular analyte:
 - a. Press Single Analyte.

Set Units		
All Analytes		
Analyte Groups		
Single Analyte		
Back	Home	

b. Select the analyte from the list. If needed, use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to view the entire list.

	Single Unit			
	ALB	ALB		
	ALP			
ALT				
	AMY AST			
	Δ	\bigtriangledown		
Back		Home		

c. Select the units to use for the analyte: g/dL, g/L, mg/dL, mg/L, or umol/L.

ALB Units		
	g/dL	
Г	g/L	
	mg/dL	
	mg/L	
Г	umol/L	
Back		Home

- To set units for all electrolytes:
 - a. Press Analyte Groups.



b. Press Electrolytes.



c. Select the units to use for all electrolytes: **mmol/L** or **mEq/L**.



- To set units for all enzymes:
 - a. Press Enzymes.

Group Units			
Electr	olytes		
Enzymes			
Lipids			
Minerals			
Proteins			
Back	Home		

b. Select the units to use for all enzymes: U/L or ukat/L.



- To set units for all lipids:
 - a. Press Lipids

b.



Lipids Units mg/dL mmol/L Back Home

To set units for all minerals:

mmol/L

Select the units to use for all lipids: mg/dL or

a. Press Minerals.



b. Select the units to use for all minerals: mg/dL, mmol/L or mEq/L.



- To set units for all proteins:
 - a. Press **Proteins**.

Group Units			
 Electr	olytes		
Enzymes			
Lipids			
Minerals			
 Proteins			
Back	Home		

b. Select the units to use for all proteins:g/dL or g/L.



5.10 Setting Sound Volumes

Use this procedure to adjust the volume of the sounds used for the analyzer's screen click, alert, and status notification.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Sound Settings icon.
- 3. Select the sound to adjust.

Sound Settings
Screen Click



- Use the controls to set the selected volume.
 Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the volume.
 - Press **Off** to turn the sound off.
 - Press **Default** to set the sound to its factory default value.
- 5. Press **Save** to store the new setting.



4.

5.11 Adjusting the Display

You can adjust the brightness of the analyzer's display as needed, and calibrate the display's touchscreen for best performance. In addition, you can set the period that the analyzer must be inactive before it activates a screen saver or enters power-saving mode. (For either, touch the screen to wake the analyzer.)

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Display Settings icon.
- 3. Adjust or calibrate the display as follows.
 - To adjust the backlight brightness:
 - a. Press Back Light.



- b. Use the controls to set the brightness:
 - Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the brightness level.
 - **D** Press **Full** to select maximum brightness.
 - Press **Default** to set the brightness to its factory default.
- Backlight Brightness

 Current
 New

 90%
 70%

 Full
 △

 Default
 ▽

 Back
 Home
 Save

c. Press **Save** to store the new setting.

- To adjust the screen saver delay:
 - a. Press Screen Saver.



- b. Use the controls to set the delay.
 - □ Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the delay.
 - □ Press **Never** to turn off the screen saver.
 - □ Press **Default** to set the delay to its factory default.
- c. Press **Save** to store the new setting.
- To adjust power-saving delay:
 - a. Press **Power Save**.




- b. Use the controls to set the delay.
 - Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to adjust the delay.
 - Press Never to prevent the analyzer from entering power-saving mode.
 - Press **Default** to set the delay to its factory default.

Press Yes to start the calibration process, and fol-

low the on-screen instructions.

- c. Press **Save** to store the new setting.
- To calibrate the display's touchscreen:
 - a. Press Calibrate.

b.

 Screen Saver Wait

 Current
 New

 Never
 15 min

 Never
 △

 Default
 ▽

 Back
 Home
 Save





5.12 Configuring Printers

Use these procedures to set up and configure the analyzer's internal printer, or an external printer connected to the analyzer.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the Printer Settings icon.
- 3. You can now do the following:
 - To select the default printer to be used with the analyzer, see below.
 - To test a printer for proper function, see page 5-27.
 - To select which reports can be printed automatically after an analysis, see page 5-28.





Setting the Default Printer

Select the printer to use for printing results and reports as follows.

- 1. In the Printer Setup screen, press **Configure**.
- 2. Press **Set Default**.

4. **For External Printer:** Select the printer from the displayed list of available printers. The analyzer then detects automatically detects the type of printer and configures it as needed.

Testing a Printer

Test the function of the analyzer's printer or a connected external printer as follows.

- 1. In the Printer Setup screen, press **Test**.
- 2. Select the printer to test.

The selected printer then outputs a test page.



Printers Supported by the VetScan VS2

For a list of printers supported by the VS2 as of November 2008, see Appendix B, "Supported Printers."

Note: Printer capabilities are subject to change without notice. For an up-todate list of printers supported by the VetScan VS2, contact Abaxis Technical Service 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947.



Selecting Reports

Use this procedure to set the type and number of reports that can be printed automatically after a sample is analyzed.

- 1. In the Printer Setup screen, press **Configure**.
- 2. Press Select Reports.





3. Select the report type.

- 4. Use the controls to adjust the number of copies to print.
 - Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to adjust the number.
 - Press Clear to set the number to zero.
 - Press **Default** to use the factory default value.
- 5. Press **Save** to store the new setting.



To transmit results and other information from the analyzer to an external computer, specify the communication protocol to be used.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Communication Settings icon.
- 4. Select a protocol: ASCII Text, None, ASTM, or XML.
 - *Note:* To use ASTM, contact Abaxis Technical Service 24 hours a day, 7 days week, at 1-800-822-2947.

If you use veterinary management software, please contact your software supplier to ensure that your software is compatible with the VetScan VS2.









5.14 Setting Optional Advanced Functions

The VS2 includes a number of optional data-entry functions that can be used to enter more detailed information about samples, such as age and gender. The analyzer can be configured to use some or all of these functions as needed.

Note: In this manual, screens for optional advanced functions are marked with this icon:

However, screens for these functions appear only if the functions are enabled.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Advanced Settings icon.
- 4. In the Advanced Settings screen, select the types of information to be entered during the analysis process.

5-30







5. For Alternate ID, select the particular alternate ID item to be entered.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

Alternate ID					
Disabled	Disabled				
Alternate	Alternate ID				
Doctor ID	Doctor ID				
Owner ID	Owner ID				
Phone Nu	Phone Number				
			\bigtriangledown		
Back	Back Dis		Enable		

Section 6

Recalling Results

The VetScan VS2 Analyzer includes a Recall function that provides access to the results of the most recent tests, including patient results, control results, and test errors.

The Recall function is available from the analyzer's Home screen.

You can search results by patient ID number or date, or view patient results or control results by date. You can also view results in memory one record at a time, print results, or transmit them to a computer.

Troubleshooting Flags

The VS2 Analyzer performs a series of internal quality checks to ensure accurate results. When the analyzer detects a problem, it either suppresses certain chemistry results (in which case it prints troubleshooting "flags" — ~~, HEM, LIP, or ICT — in place of values), or cancels the run (the rotor cancels and no results are printed). When either of these situations occur, print or transmit an error report as described in Section 6.2.

This section includes instructions for recalling, viewing, printing, and transmitting results and reports.

- "Recalling the Last Rotor Results" on page 6-2
- Searching Results" on page 6-3
- "Browsing Results" on page 6-7
- "Transmitting Results" on page 6-9
- *Note:* The analyzer must be connected to a computer to transmit results — see Section 11 for instructions.

6.1 Recalling the Last Rotor Results

Use this procedure to recall, print, or transmit the results of the last rotor run.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon.
- 2. Press Last Rotor.

3. The results from the last rotor are displayed for review. You can use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrow keys to scroll through the results.

- 4. To print these results or transmit them to an external computer:
 - a. Press **Print**.
 - b. Select **Print** and/or **Transmit**.
 - c. Select Results, iQC, Error Report, or All.
 - *Note:* If the rotor produced no results, only *Error Report* will be available.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the report or results are printing or transmitting.







		View Res	ult	
	VetS	can VS2		
De	monstra	tion Softw	are	
	Prep P	rofile II		
16 Jar	2008	0	3:59 PM	
Sample	Type:		Dog	
Sample	ID:	20000 00	3	
Rotor	LOC NUM	Der:	0041AA7	
serial	Number	: 000	0000012	
AT D	70	20-150	11/1	
ALP	20	20-130	0/1	
DUN	10	7-25	maidt	
007	0.0	0 2-1 4	mg/dL	
CLU	90	60-110	mg/dL mg/dL	
TP	6.9	5.4-8.2	g/dL	
oc	OK			
HEM 0	LIP	0 ICT	0	
	<u> </u>			
Bac	k	Home	Р	rint

6.2 Searching Results

Use the Recall function to search for a particular record according to its patient ID number or date, or to view a list of all patient or control results sorted by date.

1. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon.





- 3. Use the Search screen to search for results:
 - To search for results by patient/control ID, see page 6-4.
 - To search for results by date, see page 6-5.
 - To view patient results or control results sorted by date, see page 6-6.



6-3



Searching for Results by Patient/Control ID

- 1. In the Search screen, press **Patient/Control ID**.
- 2. Enter the patient ID number.

Use the right arrow key (\blacktriangleright) to enter dashes (–), and the left arrow key (\blacktriangleleft) to backspace.

Enter Patient ID				
1234567890123 <u>4</u>				
1	3			
4	5	6		
7	8	9		
\bigtriangledown				
Back Done				

	Back	Home
	<u> </u>	_▽
Р	29 Aug	3456789012345
P	28 Aug	2345678901234
с	27 Aug	1234567890123
E	28 Aðg	1234567890123
с	29 Aug	1234567890123

		view Res	uit	
	Vets	scan VS2		
De	monstra	tion Softw	are	
	Prep I	Profile II		
16 Jan	2008	0	3:59 PM	
Sample	Type:		Dog	
Sample	LUI OR Non		Casthoo	
Corial	Mumbar	. 000	01/00012	
	madues	. 000		
ALP	70	20-150	U/L	
ALT	20	10-118	U/L	
BUN	18	7-25	mg/dL	
CRE	0.9	0.3-1.4	mg/dL	
GLU	90	60-110	mg/dL	
TP	6.9	5.4-8.2	g/dL	
00	OK			
HEM 0	LI	0 ICT	0	
	Δ		7	7
			-	
Back		Home		Print

3. Press Search.

The analyzer then displays a list of results (Patient, Control, and Error) sorted first by ID, then by date. Samples with the ID number entered are at the top, followed by the next-closest matches.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\bigtriangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list. (The list wraps around when either end is reached.)

4. Press to select and display the particular results.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\triangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the results.

- 5. To print these results or transmit them to an external computer:
 - a. Press **Print**.
 - b. Select **Print** and/or **Transmit**.
 - c. Select **Results**, **iQC**, **Error Report**, or **All**.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the report or results are printing or transmitting.

Select Report			
A	ll		
Res	ults		
iQ	iC		
Error Report			
Print	Xmit		
Back	Home		

Searching for Results by Date

- 1. In the Search screen, press **Date**.
- 2. Enter the date of the results.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (∇) arrow keys to adjust the day, month, and year.



	All Re:	sults by Date
с	27 Dec	1234567890123
Р	27 Dec	2345678901234
E	27 Dec	1234567890123
с	26 Dec	1234567890123
P	26Dec	3456789012345
		_ ▽
	Back	Home

3. Press Search.

The analyzer then displays a list of results in reverse chronological order, beginning with the date entered.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (∇) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

4. Press to display the results.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (∇) arrow keys to scroll through the results.



- 5. To print these results or transmit them to an external computer:
 - a. Press **Print**.
 - b. Select **Print** and/or **Transmit**.
 - c. Select Results, iQC, Error Report, or All.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the report or results are printing or transmitting.

Select	Select Report		
A	All		
Res	Results		
iC	iQC		
Error Report			
Print	Xmit		
Back	Home		

Viewing Patient Results or Control Results by Date

1. In the Search screen, press **Patients** or **Control**.

The analyzer then displays a list of Patient results and Errors (shown at right) or Control results and Errors (far right) in reverse chronological order, beginning with the date entered.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\blacktriangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list.

	Patient Results by Date		
Ρ	01 Sep	1	
Ρ	30 Aug	314259	
E	29 Aug	12345678901234	
Р	28 Aug	23456789012345	
Ρ	27 Aug	655321	
Δ		\bigtriangledown	
Back		Home	

Control Results by Date				
E	29 Aug	1	2345678901234	
С	29 Aug	1	12345678901234	
с	29 Aug	2	23456789012345	
С	28 Aug	1	2345678901234	
с	28 Aug	23456789012345		
Δ			\bigtriangledown	
Back		Home		

2. Press to display the results.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (∇) arrow keys to scroll through the results.



- 3. To print these results or transmit them to an external computer:
 - a. Press **Print**.
 - b. Select **Print** and/or **Transmit**.
 - c. Select Results, iQC, Error Report, or All.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the report or results are printing or transmitting.

Select	Select Report		
A	All		
Res	Results		
iQ	iQC		
Error	Report		
Print	Xmit		
Back	Home		

6.3 Browsing Results

Use the Recall function to browse through all stored results.

1. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon:



2. Press **Browse**.



The analyzer then displays a list of all results (**P**atient, **C**ontrol, and **E**rror) in reverse chronological order, beginning with the date entered.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\blacktriangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the list and find the needed results.

3. Press to display the results.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (\bigtriangledown) arrow keys to scroll through the results.

	All Results by Date		
Е	29 Aug	12345678901234	
с	29 Aug	12345678901234	
с	28 Aug	12345678901234	
Ρ	28 Aug	23456789012345	
Ρ	27 Aug	655321	
\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangledown	
Back		Home	

		View Res	ult	
	VetS	can VS2		
De	monstra	tion Softw	are	
	Prep P	rofile II		
16 Ja:	2008	0	3:59 PM	
Sample	a Type:		Dog	
Sample	ID:		3	
Rotor	Lot Num	ber:	0041AA7	
Seria	Number	: 000	0V00012	
ALP	70	20-150	0/L	
ALT	20	10-118	0/1	
BUN	18	7-25	mg/dL	
CRE	0.9	0.3-1.4	mg/dL	
GLU TTD	90 6 0	5 4-9 2	mg/dL	
4-1C	0.3	014-016	g/uu	
00	OK			
HEM 0	LIP	0 ICT	0	
	~		-	7
	i i	_	-	
Bac	k	Home		Print

- 4. To print these results or transmit them to an external computer:
 - a. Press **Print**.
 - a. Select **Print** and/or **Transmit**.
 - b. Select the report: **Results**, **iQC**, **Error Report**, or **All**.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the report or results are printing or transmitting.

Select Report		
All		
Results		
iQC		
Error Report		
• • • •		
Print	Xmit	
Back	Home	

6.4 **Transmitting Results**

Use this procedure to transmit all stored results to a computer.

Note: The analyzer must be connected to a computer to transmit results — see Section 11 for instructions.

1. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon.



2. Press **Transmit All**.

The analyzer displays "Transmitting All..." while sending the records.

Recall	
Last Rotor	
Search	
Browse	
Transmit Date R	ange
Transmit Al	I.
Home	

Section 7

Calibration and Quality Control

7.1 Calibration

The VetScan VS2 Analyzer is self-calibrating. A bar code on the reagent rotor contains the information needed to calibrate the rotor when run. Additionally, each reagent bead used in the rotor is calibrated to a reference method and/or reference material. This and the procedures in the previous sections of this manual help ensure accurate results.

7.2 Quality Control Features

The analyzer includes quality control features such as optical sensing and electronic feedback systems, to ensure that accurate results are reported. The analyzer tests its internal components and the reagent rotors whenever the power is turned on or a rotor is inserted. Additionally, the analyzer continues to perform tests during analysis. Messages shown on the display or printed in the results warn of analyzer malfunctions and possible errors, or explain why no results are reported.

1. Intelligent Quality Control (iQC)

The analyzer performs an iQC test whenever power is turned on. iQC ensures that all optics, flash, and circuit board components are functioning properly and verifies the memory functions. The analyzer performs analysis only after iQC confirms that all components are functional. A hardware malfunction message appears on the display if any component malfunctions.

The analyzer's software incorporates statistical methods to ensure accurate results. The lamp flashes up to 13 time points for rate chemistries, and typically three time points for endpoint chemistries. To ensure that the analyzer is functioning properly, the distribution of flashes at each time point is analyzed, and the standard deviation is compared to a pre-determined limit.

2. Quality Control During Analysis

During analysis, the analyzer checks its internal components and the reagent rotor to ensure the accuracy of the results.

a. Analyzer

Before analysis begins, the analyzer's photometer takes readings with the light path obstructed and unobstructed to determine the appropriate light intensity range, and then checks that the range is within specification. It also continually checks the performance of the motor, flash, and optics during analysis.

b. Reagent Rotor

During analysis, the analyzer tests the reagent rotor to confirm the following:

- calibration factors
- expiration date
- all reagent beads are present
- timing of fluid movement through the rotor
- diluent and sample mixing
- sufficient sample in the rotor
- reagent beads dissolve when mixed with diluted sample

Each rotor contains reagents to detect exposure to extreme conditions such as temperature and humidity. The message "QC OK" is printed in the results when results from these reagents are within the expected ranges. Otherwise, no results are printed and a "run canceled" message appears in the display.

The analyzer monitors the performance of the reactions. For rate chemistries, the analyzer confirms that the reactions are linear with time, that the slope is within range, and whether the substrate has been depleted. In endpoint chemistries, the analyzer verifies the flatness (completeness) of the endpoints.

c. Sample

Samples are checked for physical interference. The analyzer estimates the sample indices, hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus using absorbance readings for the sample at 340 nm, 405 nm, and 467 nm. This information is then compared to pre-established hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus limits for each method. When all three indices are below these limits for the method, that method's results are printed. When any index exceeds the limit, the result is suppressed and the error condition displayed as HEM, LIP, or ICT.

7.3 Running Controls

A control is a biological sample or solution with a suitably contrived matrix that is analyzed for purposes of quality control. The composition of the matrix must be such that the solution closely matches that of the biological specimen for characteristics of importance to the analyzer. Control materials need to be stable and available in sufficient volumes in multiple portions and over an extended period. Many control products are available commercially. Assayed controls also come with expected values of the analytes for guidance.

The VS2 includes an extensive iQC program that eliminates the need for routine external liquid controls. If an external control is needed occasionally, the analyzer provides a memory bank to store that data. The control must have a composition closely matching that of the biological specimen in characteristics important to analysis. Control materials must be available in sufficient volumes and multiple portions, and stable over an extended period. Many control products are available commercially. Assayed controls also include expected analytes values for guidance.

The Run Controls menu function (see page 7-3) automatically stores control results in a memory separate from the patient results memory. The Recall function may be used to search for specific control results without searching through all patient results stored in memory.

Note: Before a control can be run, a control level must be enabled in the reference ranges — see page 5-6.

Controls can be run whenever the analyzer displays the Home screen.

Note: Always wear personal protective equipment (gloves, safety glasses, lab coat) when running any control containing components derived from human sources. The gloves should be powder free to avoid getting powder on the analyzer optics.

For more details on running an analysis, see "Running Tests" on page 4-5.

- 1. In the Home screen, press ANALYZE to open the rotor drawer.
- 2. Insert the control sample into the reagent rotor (see "Running Tests" on page 4-5), and place the rotor into the drawer.
- 3. Press CLOSE to close the drawer and start analysis.
 - Enter the Operator ID using the touchscreen, then press Done.

The operator ID is a number of up to 14 digits that is assigned by the facility.

The right arrow key (\blacktriangleright) functions as a dash (–), and the left arrow key (\blacktriangleleft) functions as a backspace.



Select Type		
Dog		
Cat		
Rabbit		
Ferret		
Control 1		
\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangledown	
Back	Cancel	



5. Select the control type to use.

4.

Use the up (\blacktriangle) and down (∇) arrow keys as needed to scroll through the list.

6. Enter an ID number for the sample (up to 14 characters), then press **Done**.

> The right arrow key (\blacktriangleright) functions as a dash (–), and the left arrow key (\blacktriangleleft) functions as a backspace.





Enter an alternate ID (up to 14 characters), then press



 Patient: 12345678901234

 Analyzing
 Sample...

 Determining rotor
 type...

 CANCEL
 CANCEL

Pa	tient: 1234567890123
	Analysis Complete
	OPEN

8. The analyzer checks the rotor type, then begins processing the sample with no further input.

9. The analyzer indicates when the sample is finished processing, then automatically prints the results of the analysis.

If the results do not print automatically, they can be recalled from memory and printed — see "Searching Results" on page 6-3.

10. Press **OPEN** to open the rotor drawer, and remove the reagent rotor from the drawer.

CAUTION: Dispose of the rotor according to the lab's biohazard procedures.

11. When finished, press **CLOSE** to close the drawer.

Section 8

Troubleshooting

8.1 Using Analyzer Messages

If problems occur, the analyzer can display warnings, iQC codes, and other messages to help diagnose the problem.

Use the information in this section, and in Appendix A, "iQC Codes," for help in resolving these errors.

8.2 Contacting Abaxis Technical Service

If the troubleshooting recommendations contained in this section do not correct the problem with the analyzer or the reagent rotors, record the error message and/or print an error report and contact Abaxis Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947, or send a fax to 1-877-900-9333.

8.3 Instrument and Result Messages

The VS2 Analyzer performs a series of internal quality checks to ensure accurate results. When the analyzer detects a problem, the analyzer will either suppress certain chemistry results (~~~, **HEM, LIP, or ICT** printed in place of values) or cancel the run (rotor cancels and no patient results printed). If either of these situations occurs, proceed as follows:

Chemistry Suppression

In this situation, patient results print, but some results do not have numerical values. The results printout includes troubleshooting "flags" — "HEM", "LIP", "ICT", or the symbols "~~~" — in place of values.

Contact Abaxis Technical Service at 1-800-822-2947 to review the patients results printed on the error report. You can print the error report using the Recall function starting from the Home screen. See Section 6.

Disclaimer: Note that "~~~" is printed in the results for an individual chemistry when the instrument iQC detects a possible fault condition in the chemistry reading or calculation. If this happens, contact Abaxis Technical Service for error report interpretation and further instructions on testing the sample.

Rotor Cancellation

In this situation:

- 1. The display shows "Run Canceled" and no patient results are printed.
- 2. The display also shows an iQC code and a brief description of the problem.

Record the iQC code, and print an iQC code report using the Recall function, which can be accessed from the Home screen. For details about printing these reports, see Section 6.

Symbols on the Results Printout

- These symbols print next to the result (see Section 4.4):
 - * The result is outside the reference range.
 - < The result is lower than the dynamic range.
 - > The result is higher than the dynamic range.

To obtain more information for results that have "<" or ">" printed before the value, print an error report (see Section 6). This report includes patient results, but the values are an approximation of the analyte concentration.

Chemistry interference
Hemolysis interference
Lipemia interference
Icterus interference

To obtain more information for results with (H) HEM, (L) LIP or (I) ICT, print an error report (see Section 6). The error report shows a value with **HEM**, **LIP** or **ICT** next to it.

The entire numerical line displayed on the error report, including the line HEM, LIP, and ICT, must be interpreted by an Abaxis Technical Service Representative to determine whether results are usable. Call Abaxis Technical Service at 1-800-822-2947.

8.4 Out-of-Range Samples

Out-of-range samples are indicated in the printed results. See Section 4.6, "Using Test Results" for an explanation of the various symbols printed in the results.

An out-of-range sample may be able to be diluted. See Section 8.6, "Sample Dilution" for instructions. A sample that is found to be out-of-range more than once should be tested by an alternate laboratory-approved method, or sent to a referral laboratory.

8.5 Rotor Cancellations and Procedures

If the rotor cancels, record the following information or print an error report, and contact Abaxis Technical Service at 1-800-822-2947:

- Lot number
- Product name
- 4-digit error code
- Specimen type and species

8.6 Sample Dilution

The following customer-developed protocol can be used for diluting samples.

Dilution of Sample 1:1 with Saline

(Use serum or heparinized plasma)

- 1. Combine one part (100 μ L) serum or heparinized plasma with one part (100 μ L) normal saline (0.9%) (do not use distilled water) into a clean, red top tube and gently mix. Use the diluted sample for testing.
- 2. Run the diluted sample with a new rotor.
- 3. Print the results.
- 4. Multiply the values in the results by 2.

Note: The analyzer does not provide accurate values for albumin, calcium, globulins, or sodium. Diluting the sample can introduce error into the final result.

8.7 Reinitializing the Analyzer

The analyzer may require reinitialization if its memory becomes corrupted. Reinitializing returns all settings to their original factory default values, including the clock, and also clears all patient results, control results, and custom reference ranges from memory. Perform the following steps to reinitialize the analyzer.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Factory Settings icon.







- *Note:* The next step is irreversible. All settings including custom reference ranges and the date and time —are returned to their factory values, and the memory is cleared. Results previously stored, however, are not affected.
- 4. Press **CONTINUE** to restore all factory settings (including the clock) and clear all memory from the analyzer.



- 5. Refer to the sections noted below to reset the date and time, any custom reference ranges, and the units of measurement:
 - "Customizing Reference Ranges" on page 5-2
 - "Changing Date and Time" on page 5-14
 - "Selecting Units" on page 5-16

Section 9

Principles of Procedure and Operation

9.1 Principles of Procedure

The operator introduces a heparinized whole blood sample (or heparinized plasma, serum, or control) into the reagent rotor. The reagent rotor contains a diluent, and test-specific reagent beads. The operator then places the rotor in the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer and enters the appropriate identification numbers. The VS2 Analyzer automatically performs the remainder of the testing protocol.

The reagent rotor spins and whole blood is separated into plasma and blood cells. During this time, the rotor is heated to 37 °C (98.6 °F). Precisely measured quantities of plasma and diluent enter the mixing chamber and are combined. Centrifugal and capillary forces distribute the diluted plasma to cuvettes on the perimeter of the rotor. Reagent beads in the cuvettes are dissolved by the diluted plasma. This solution is thoroughly mixed, and the resulting chemical reactions are monitored photometrically by the analyzer. Optical signals generated by the chemical reactions are used to calculate analyte concentrations. Calibration data specific for the chemistries in each rotor are provided to the analyzer by the bar code printed on the bar code ring.

After analysis is complete, the results print automatically, and include analyte concentrations and reference ranges for each test in the panel, as well as sample indices. Results are also stored in the analyzer's memory and can be transmitted to external computers. The used reagent rotor is removed and discarded. The VS2 is ready to analyze another sample.

9.2 Principles of Operation

Chemical reactions occur between reagent beads, the diluent contained in the reagent rotor, and the added sample. These reactions produce chromophores that are measured photometrically by the VS2. The microprocessor then calculates the concentrations of the analytes.

The measurement optics include a stroboscopic xenon lamp, a wavelength selection system, and a multiple-wavelength detector. Light from the lamp is directed by a mirror to pass through each cuvette. Some light is absorbed by the cuvette contents, and the remainder travels through two apertures and is then collimated by a lens. The collimated light is divided by beam splitters, passed through interference filters at wavelengths of 340, 405, 467, 500, 515, 550, 600, 630, and 850 nm, and measured at each wavelength by photodiodes.

The chemical reactions used in the tests produce chromophores that absorb light at known wavelengths. The photometer measures the light transmitted through each chromophore-containing cuvette (the reaction cuvette). This transmitted light, when corrected for flash-to-flash variability and electronic offset, is indirectly related to the analyte concentration of the sample. Transmittance measurements are then converted to absorbance according to the relationship absorbance = log (transmittance).

System errors and factors that can interfere with sample result calculations are eliminated by measuring light intensity at four locations on the reagent rotor: the method-specific cuvette containing test reagent, sample, and diluent; the sample blank cuvette containing sample blank reagent, sample, and diluent (used in endpoint reactions — see below); the open cuvette, which allows all light to pass through; and the dark cuvette, which blocks the passage of light.

Light passing through a reaction cuvette is measured at the wavelength absorbed by the chromophore ($I_{\lambda 1RC}$), and also at a wavelength not absorbed by the chromophore ($I_{\lambda 2RC}$). The ratio of these two measurements corrects for cuvette optical quality and flash-to-flash variability in the light source. The intensity of light transmitted through the open cuvette ($I_{\lambda 1OC}$, $I_{\lambda 2OC}$) is measured at the same two wavelengths as the light transmitted through the reaction cuvette. A correction for electronic offset is made at the same two wavelengths by measuring the residual signal when the dark cuvette is in the optical path ($I_{\lambda 10}$, $I_{\lambda 20}$). The equation for calculating absorbance is this:

$$A = -\log \left[\frac{(I_{\lambda 1RC} - I_{\lambda 1_0}) / (I_{\lambda 2RC} - I_{\lambda 2_0})}{(I_{\lambda 1OC} - I_{\lambda 1_0}) / (I_{\lambda 2OC} - I_{\lambda 2_0})} \right]$$

where:

А	= Absorbance at wavelength 1, referenced to wavelength 2
$I_{\lambda 1RC}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the reaction cuvette at wavelength 1
$I_{\lambda 2RC}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the reaction cuvette at wavelength 2
$I_{\lambda 10}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the dark cuvette at wavelength 1
$I_{\lambda 20}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the dark cuvette at wavelength 2
$I_{\lambda 10C}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the open cuvette at wavelength 1
$I_{\lambda 2OC}$	= Intensity of light transmitted through the open cuvette at wavelength 2

This is the basic equation for measuring analyte concentrations in the rate methods and endpoint reactions used in chemistries.

Rate Methods

The rate of the reaction is calculated from the difference between absorbances measured at certain defined intervals on the linear portion of the reaction curve. Absorbances are taken throughout the read time to confirm the linearity of the reaction curve. The absorbance rates are converted to analyte concentrations using the rotor-specific calibration factors encoded on the bar code ring.

The equation for rate methods is:

$$\left\{ -\log \left[\frac{(I_{\lambda 1RC} - I_{\lambda 1_{0}}) / (I_{\lambda 2RC} - I_{\lambda 2_{0}})}{(I_{\lambda 10C} - I_{\lambda 1_{0}}) / (I_{\lambda 2OC} - I_{\lambda 2_{0}})} \right]_{F} \right\} - \left\{ -\log \left[\frac{(I_{\lambda 1RC} - I_{\lambda 1_{0}}) / (I_{\lambda 2CC} - I_{\lambda 2_{0}})}{(I_{\lambda 10C} - I_{\lambda 1_{0}}) / (I_{\lambda 2OC} - I_{\lambda 2_{0}})} \right]_{B} \right\}$$

Time Period

where:

 $\Delta A/\Delta \tau$ = Rate of change of absorbance

F = Measurements taken at time F on linear portion of reaction curve

- B = Measurements taken at time B on linear portion of reaction curve
- t = Time in minutes
- $I_{\lambda XX}$ = Other intensities, same as described above

Endpoint Reactions

Reagents, samples, and chromophores all absorb light in endpoint reactions. Light absorption by the samples must be subtracted so that the analyte concentration can be isolated. The absorbance of the sample is measured in a sample blank cuvette. Some chemistries employ a generic sample blank and others (such as total bilirubin) use a dedicated sample blank. The intensity of the light passing through the sample blank cuvette ($I_{\lambda 1SC}$, $I_{\lambda 2SC}$) is measured at the same wavelengths as is the light passing through the reaction cuvette.

The equation for endpoint reactions is:

$$A = -\log \left[\frac{(I_{\lambda 1}RC - I_{\lambda 1_0}) / (I_{\lambda 2}RC - I_{\lambda 2_0})}{(I_{\lambda 1}OC - I_{\lambda 1_0}) / (I_{\lambda 2}OC - I_{\lambda 2_0})} \right]$$

where:

 $I_{\lambda 1SC}$ = Intensity of light transmitted through the sample blank cuvette at wavelength 1

 $I_{\lambda 2SC}$ = Intensity of light transmitted through the sample blank cuvette at wavelength 2

 $I_{\lambda XX}$ = Other intensities are the same as described above

The net absorbance is converted to analyte concentration using data encoded in the bar code printed on the bar code ring.

Section 10

Maintenance and Service

The VetScan VS2 Analyzer requires minimal maintenance. Clean the exterior of the analyzer weekly with mild detergent and a soft, damp cloth. The air filter requires cleaning once a month. Regular maintenance of the analyzer will assure reliable operation.

CAUTION: Abaxis recommends only the cleaning methods described in this section. If for some reason another method is needed, contact Abaxis Technical Service beforehand at 1-800-822-2947 to verify that the proposed method will not damage the analyzer. Abaxis is not responsible for damage caused by non-recommended cleaning methods.

10.1 Cleaning the Analyzer

Clean the analyzer's external case and display at least weekly, as described below.

Cleaning the Case

Clean the analyzer with a soft cloth, dampened with a mild, non-abrasive detergent or cleaning solution, such as Simple Green[®], a 10% bleach solution, or a 30% isopropyl alcohol solution. Pre-soaked towelettes (isopropyl alcohol) may be used as an alternate. Purchase isopropyl towelettes from computer retailers.

Do not spray or pour any detergents, solutions or other liquids directly onto the analyzer. Dampen a soft cloth or disposable paper towel with the detergent, then apply to the analyzer.

Cleaning the Display

Clean the analyzer's screen periodically using a soft, lint-free cloth dampened with a glass-cleaning fluid or window cleaner.

CAUTION: Do not use any cleaner containing alcohol. Do not spray cleaner directly onto the display — dampen the cloth instead.

10.2 Cleaning Spills

Observe universal precautions¹ when cleaning spills on the analyzer. Use a 10% bleach solution (1 part bleach plus 9 parts water) to clean spills, following the standard cleaning guidelines in Section 10.1.

10.3 Cleaning the Air Filter

Clean the air filter in the back of the analyzer at least monthly, or as needed to ensure proper ventilation and temperature control of the instrument. Check the filter frequently if the analyzer is in an environment with excessive dust or animal hair.

The procedure to use for changing the air filter depends on whether your analyzer's filter has a cover. Refer to the diagram below, then to the appropriate procedure on the following pages.



Note: For replacement filters, contact Abaxis Customer Service (1-800-822-2947, during regular business hours).

National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (now Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute). 1992. Physician's office lab oratory guidelines, 2nd ed; tentative guideline. NCCLS document POL1-T2 (ISBN 1-56238-159-8). Villanova, PA: NCCLS; pp. A27–A28.
Changing an Air Filter With a Cover

- 1. Turn the analyzer off by pressing and holding the Power button.
- 2. Remove the power cord from the back of the analyzer.
- 3. Remove the filter cover from the back of the analyzer.
- 4. Remove the filter.
- 5. Wash the filter with warm water to remove dust, animal hair, and any other debris.
- 6. Dry the filter and place it back into the analyzer.
 - CAUTION: Make sure the filter is completely dry before replacing it.



- 7. Snap the filter cover back into place over the filter.
- 8. Plug the power cord into the back of the analyzer.
- 9. Press the Power button. The analyzer then performs a diagnostic self test, and may take a few minutes to bring the rotor chamber to operating temperature.

Changing an Air Filter Without a Cover

- 1. Turn the analyzer off by pressing and holding the Power button.
- 2. Remove the power cord from the back of the analyzer.
- 3. Remove the black mesh filter from the circular fan vent.
- 4. Wash the filter with warm soapy water to remove dust, animal hair, and any other debris.
- 5. Dry the filter completely.
- 6. Make sure the filter is not damaged. If it is, discard and use the backup filter included with the VS2.

CAUTION: Make sure the filter is *completely* dry before replacing it.



- 7. Place a clean filter flat in the fan vent. Tuck the sides of the filter underneath the vent's edges.
- 8. Plug the power cord into the back of the analyzer.
- 9. Press the Power button. The analyzer then performs a diagnostic self test, and may take a few minutes to bring the rotor chamber to operating temperature.
 - *Note: Refer to Section 8, "Troubleshooting" if the analyzer does not successfully pass the self test after cleaning the air filter. See Section 4.4 for instructions on running samples.*

10.4 Updating the Analyzer Software

Abaxis provides software updates on CD-ROM to registered owners of the VetScan VS2 Analyzer. Replacement software is mailed immediately whenever a new software version is released. See Section 5.6, "Viewing Analyzer Identification" to determine the software version installed in the analyzer. Contact Abaxis Technical Service immediately at 1-800-822-2947 if the software version is not the most recent release.

- *Note:* Be sure to update the software every time you receive an update CD from Abaxis.
- *CAUTION:* Updating software can return the VS2 to its default settings, and delete any stored records and custom reference ranges. Be sure to archive your data before beginning the update. (You will also have a chance to cancel the procedure after beginning.)

Contact Abaxis Technical Service for information on software updates and how they can affect your VS2.

- 1. In the Home screen, press the Settings icon.
- 2. Press the More Settings icon.
- 3. Press the Software Update icon.
- 4. Place the CD in the drawer, press the drawer in to close it, then press **Continue**.











5. If you want to cancel the update (so you can archive your data, for example), press **CANCEL**.

Otherwise, press CONTINUE.



When the update is complete, the analyzer automatically shuts down and restarts.





CAUTION: Do not remove the CD until after the analyzer shuts down and restarts to complete the software update, or you could damage the analyzer.

10.5 Returning the Analyzer for Service

Authorization for service to the analyzer must be obtained from Abaxis Technical Service before sending the analyzer in. To obtain authorization for service on the analyzer, call Abaxis Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947.

Section 11

Connecting to an External Computer

The VetScan VS2 Analyzer is equipped to transmit patient and control results in 8-bit, ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) format to a computer through a USB port. To receive the results from the VS2, the computer requires terminal emulation software, such as HyperTerminal, which is included with Windows 95 and higher. The computer also requires driver software to communicate with the VS2.

The results can be captured to a text file to be viewed with most word processing, spreadsheet, and database applications. This section describes the transmission specifications, hardware connections, and use of HyperTerminal to capture results to a text file.

Note: Veterinary management software can also interface with the VS2 to collect results. Since each such installation varies, contact your software supplier for more information.

11.1 Transmission Specifications

Cable:	USB cable
Baud rate:	9600
Data type:	ASCII
Parity:	None
Word length:	8 bits
Stop bit:	1
Start of transmission and new page sentinel:	Form Feed (decimal 12 or hexadecimal 0C)
End of line sentinel:	Carriage Return (decimal 13 or hexadecimal 0D) and Line Feed (deci- mal 10 or hexadecimal 0A)
End of transmission sentinel:	End-of-File (decimal 26 or hexadecimal 1A)
Max number characters/line:	32 (including Carriage Return and Line Feed)

Note: The exact contents of the printed results are transmitted. In some cases a backslash (\) should be interpreted as a foreslash (/). For example, "mmo\L" is equivalent to "mmol/L" and "mmo\L" is "mmol/L" in the transmitted results.

11.2 Enabling the VetScan VS2 Communication Protocol

The VetScan VS2 can communicate with computers running Microsoft Windows (2000, XP, or Vista), Macintosh OS X, or Linux (kernel 2.4 or above).

To enable this communication, you must set the VS2's communication protocol as follows:

- 1. Follow the procedure given in steps 1 through 3 of "Setting Communication Protocol" on page 5-29.
- 2. In the Set Protocol screen, select **ASCII Text**.
 - *Note:* If you use veterinary management software, please contact your software supplier to ensure that your software is compatible with the VetScan VS2.



11.3 Installing the Windows 2000/XP Driver

Use this procedure to install the Abaxis driver that enables the analyzer to communicate with a PC running Windows 2000 or XP. The analyzer installs on the PC as a virtual communication port in Windows.

Installation requires the following:

- VetScan VS2 Analyzer
- PC with Windows 2000 or XP, and a USB port
- Type A/Type B USB cable
- Abaxis Driver CD
- *Note:* Driver installation in Windows 2000 or XP requires a user account with administrative privileges.

The screenshots in these instructions are from a typical Windows XP Professional installation. Some of these screens may vary on your system and in other versions of Windows.

Install the driver as follows.

- 1. Insert the Abaxis Driver CD (software files: P/N 110-5001) into the computer's CD drive.
- 2. The computer's default web browser then opens, displaying the VS2 driver installation guide links. Close the browser.
- 3. Go to **Start > My Computer** to display the computer's drives.
- 4. Right-click the CD drive icon, and select **Explore** from the popup menu.



5. Open the **Win2K_XP** folder.

Double-click the file

Abaxis Driver Setup.exe.



ΟK

- 7. Installation then begins. When the installer finishes, click **OK**.

 Abaxis Driver Installer

 Abaxis driver files have been installed successfully.
- 8. Use the USB cable to connect the VS2 to any available USB port on the computer.
- 9. Click **Start > Control Panel > System**, then click the **Hardware** tab.
- 10. Click **Device Manager**, then click the "+" before **Ports (COM & LPT)**. Look for "Abaxis Blood Chemistry Analyzer."
 - *Note:* If the analyzer does not appear in the device list, **do not** reinstall the driver. Unplug the USB cable from the computer, then reinsert it. Check the device manager again.

6.

11. Note the port number to which the analyzer is assigned, and record this number. You will use this port number later in this procedure.

(In the example at right, the port is **COM4**.)

12. Close the Device Manager.

Click Start > Run, and in the dialog enter hypertrm.

This opens the HyperTerminal window.

14. In the Connection Description dialog, enter VS2, then click OK.

- 15. In the Connect To dialog that opens, use the **Connect using** pull-down menu to select the COM port you found earlier.
- 16. Click **OK**.



				?
	Type the nam Internet reso	e of a progra urce, and Wir	m, folder, doo ndows will ope	cument, or In it for you.
Open:	hypertrm			•





17. In the COM Properties dialog, use the **Bits per second** pull-down menu to select **9600**.

- 18. Transmit patient results from the VS2 patient archive. For instructions, see "Transmitting Results" on page 6-9.
- 19. Retransmit results from the VS2:
 - a. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon.
 - b. Press Last Rotor.

c. The results from the last rotor are displayed.

Press **Print**.





	1	View Res	ult	
	VetS	can VS2		
Der	nonstra	tion Softw	are	
	Prep P	rofile II		
16 Jan	2008	0	3:59 PM	
Sample	Type:		Dog	
Sample	ID:		3	
Rotor 1	Lot Num	ber:	0041AA7	
Serial	Number	: 000	0V00012	
ALP	20	20-150	0/1	
BUN	18	7-25	ma/dt.	
CDE	0.9	0 3-1 4	ma/df.	
GLU	90	60-110	ma/dL	
TP	6.9	5.4-8.2	g/dL	
00	OK			
HEM 0	LIP	0 ICT	0	
			-	
			V	
			-	-
	-			
Back		Home		Drint





- d. Select **Xmit**, and make sure **Print** is *not* selected.
- e. Press **Results**.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the results are transmitting.

	All
R	esults
	iQC
Erro	r Report
Print	Xmit

20. Check the HyperTerminal window to confirm that the results were transmitted.

If the results do not appear to have transmitted, contact Abaxis Technical Service 24 hours a day, 7 days week, at 1-800-822-2947.

CHE CHE Darker CHE Darker CHE CHE	VS2 - HyperTerminal	
0 00 00 00000000000000000000000000000	le Edit Vew Gall Transfer Help	
VetScan VS2 Prep Profile II OZ Sample Type: Dog Patient ID: S4321 Gender: Male Age: Sverial Number: Pollow00001424 ALP ALP Sorial Number: BUM 4 7 BUM 4 7 6000001424 ALP Good Gender: Serial Number: Male Age: Good Good Good GL) 🛎 👳 💲 🛯 🗃	
*	VetScan VS2 PrepProfile II 07 Jun 2007 02:39 PM Sample Type: Dog patient ID: 54321 Gender: Male Rot: 5 Years Rotor Lot Number: 7131R62 Serial Number: 000000124 ALP < 5 - 20-150 U/L 0/L RIT < 5 - 10-118 U/L 0/L BUN 4 - 7-25 mg/dL 60-110 mg/dL GLU < 10 - 60-118 mg/dL 10 - 60-118 mg/dL GLU < 10 - 54-32 g/dL 0 OC 0K HEH 3+ LIP 3+ ICT 0 *_ -	

21. Close HyperTerminal. Press **Yes** to close the connection, then **No** to discard the connection settings.

11.4 Installing the Windows Vista Driver

Use this procedure to install the Abaxis driver that enables the analyzer to communicate with a PC running Windows Vista. The analyzer installs on the PC as a virtual communication port in Windows.

Installation requires the following:

- VetScan VS2 Analyzer
- PC with Windows Vista and a USB port
- Type A/Type B USB cable
- Abaxis Driver CD

Note: Driver installation in Windows Vista requires a user account with administrative privileges.

The screenshots in these instructions are from a typical Vista installation. Some of these screens may vary slightly on your system.

Install the driver as follows.

- 1. Insert the Abaxis Driver CD (software files: P/N 110-5001) into the computer's CD drive.
- 2. The computer's default web browser then opens, displaying the VS2 driver installation guide links. Close the browser.
- 3. Go to **Start > My Computer** to display the computer's drives.
- Right-click the CD drive icon, and select Explore from the popup menu.



5. Open the **Win2K_XP** folder.



6. Double-click the file Abaxis Driver Setup.exe.



7. Installation then begins. When the installer finishes, click **OK**.

Abaxis Driver Installer	X
(i) Abaxis driver files have been installed	successfully.
	ОК

- 8. Use the USB cable to connect the VS2 to any available USB port on the computer.
- 9. Click Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Device Manager.
- 10. Click the "+" before **Ports (COM & LPT)**. Look for "Abaxis Blood Chemistry Analyzer."
 - *Note:* If the analyzer does not appear in the device list, **do not** reinstall the driver. Unplug the USB cable from the computer, then reinsert it. Check the device manager again.
- 11. Note the port number to which the analyzer is assigned, and record this number. You will use this port number later in this procedure.

(In the example at right, the port is COM4.)

12. Close the Device Manager.



- 13. Transmit patient results from the VS2 patient archive. For instructions, see "Transmitting Results" on page 6-9.
- 14. Retransmit results from the VS2.
 - a. In the Home screen, press the Recall icon.
 - b. Press Last Rotor.



Press **Print**.

- d. Select **Xmit**, and make sure **Print** is *not* selected.
- e. Press **Results**.

The display shows "Sending Report..." while the results are transmitting.





	View Re	sult	
,	/etScan VS2		
Demoni	stration Soft	ware	
Pre	p Profile I	1000000000	22
16 Jan 200	08	03:59 PM	
Sample Typ	pe:	Doc	
Sample ID	Mumbert	0041883	
Corial No	manuel:	000000013	2
STRATES STOP	10-cz - 0-		
ALP	70 20-150) U/I	
ALT	20 10-110	0/1	
BUN	18 7-25	mg/dI	
CRE 0	.9 0.3-1.4	mg/dI	
GLU !	90 60-114	mg/dI	
TP 6	.9 5.4-8.3	g/dI	-2
QC OK			
HEM 0	LIP 0 IC	T 0	
A			
	-		*
Death			-
Back	Home		Print



11.5 Installing the Mac OS X Driver

Use this procedure to install the Abaxis driver that enables the Abaxis analyzer to communicate with a Mac. The analyzer installs on the Mac as a virtual communication port in Mac OS X.

Installation requires the following:

- VetScan VS2 Analyzer
- Mac computer with Mac OS X and a USB port
- Type A/Type B USB cable
- Abaxis Driver CD
 - *Note:* The screenshots in these instructions are from a typical Mac OS X installation. Some of these screens may vary in other versions of Mac OS X.

Install the driver as follows.

- Turn on the Mac, and insert the Abaxis Driver CD into the Mac's CD-ROM drive.
 Do not connect the analyzer to the Mac yet.
- 2. Browse to the CD drive and run FTDIUSBSerialDriver_vX_X_X.dmg in the Mac\Intel folder for Intel-based Macs, or run FTDIUSBSerialDriver_vX_X_X.dmg in the Mac\PPC folder for PowerPC-based Macs.
- 3. Click **Continue**.



4. Click **Restart**.

000	Install FTDIUSBSerialDriver Kernel Extension
	Install Software
 Introduction Read Me Select Destination Installation Type Installing Eisich Un 	The software was successfully installed
	Click Restart to finish installing the software.
	Go Back Restart

- 5. Connect the USB cable to a Type A connector on the Mac and to the uppermost USB connector (Type B) on the back of the analyzer.
- 6. Turn on the analyzer.
- 7. Use the Network section in the System
 Preferences application (Go > Applications > System Preferences > Network) to enable the virtual communications port.
 Click OK.



- 8. Select **Network Port Configurations** from the Show list.
- 9. Enable the new port
 (usbserial-1B22 in the example at right) by checking its On box and clicking Apply Now.
- 10. Configure any needed applications to communicate with the analyzer over the virtual communication port.

00	1	Network	
1 🛋 🔚		?	
Show All Displa	ys Sound Network	Startup Disk	
	Location: A	tematic	
	Location.	nomatic	•
	Show: Ne	etwork Port Configuration	ns 🛟
-			
	On Port Configurati	ons	
	🗹 usbserial-1B2	2	Nau
	Internal Mode	m	New
	Built-in Etheri	net	Edit
			Delate
			Delete
			(Duplicate)
			1
-			
Click the lo	ck to prevent furthe	r changes Ass	ist me Apply I

11.6 Installing the Linux Driver

Use this procedure to install the Abaxis driver that enables the Abaxis analyzer to communicate with a PC running Linux. The analyzer installs on the PC as a virtual communication port.

Installation requires the following:

- VetScan VS2 Analyzer
- PC with Linux (kernel version 2.4 and above) and a USB port
- Type A/Type B USB cable

Note: The driver is already included in the Linux OS (kernel version 2.4 and above).

Enable the driver as follows.

- 1. Turn on the PC, and log in as "root."
- 2. Connect the USB cable to a Type A connector on the PC and to the uppermost USB connector (Type B) on the back of the analyzer.
- 3. Turn on the analyzer.
- 4. Open a terminal window on the PC, and enter the command **modprobe ftdi_sio** to enable the driver.
- 5. Configure any PC applications (e.g. minicom) to communicate with the analyzer over the virtual communication port (e.g. /dev/ttyS0).

11.7 Using HyperTerminal

This section describes how to set up and use Windows' HyperTerminal to capture and transmit test results.

Note: The screen captures and menu configurations shown here may vary depending on your version of Windows.

Setting Up HyperTerminal

 On the Windows desktop, click Start > Programs > Accessories > Communications > HyperTerminal to view the HyperTerminal Folder. Click HyperTrm.exe to start the HyperTerminal setup wizard.



If HyperTerminal does not appear, install it by going to Start > Settings > Control Panel > Add/Remove Programs (Add/Remove Windows Components > Communications tab). Consult Windows help for details.

2. Type a descriptive name (such as Abaxis) for the connection in the **Name** box. Click **OK**.



- 3. In the **Connect Using** dialog, select the port that the analyzer is connected to, then click **OK**. (The other settings are not required.)
 - *Note:* If the port is unknown, select any one for now. If needed, you can run the wizard again to try other ports.
- 4. Change **Bits per second** to **9600**, then click **OK**. Leave all other settings at their defaults.



COM1 Properties
Port Settings
Bits per second: 9600
Data bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop bits: 1
Elow control: Hardware
<u>R</u> estore Defaults
OK Cancel Apply

 If a valid port was selected, a new HyperTerminal session starts. The status pane on the lower, left corner of the window should display "Connected" as shown.

- *Note:* If an error message appears, close HyperTerminal (do not save changes). Start the HyperTerminal setup wizard again, and choose a different port.
- 6. Click File > Save As on the menu to save the HyperTerminal session. Note where the session file is saved so that it can be loaded in the future (create a shortcut on the desktop if necessary). Proceed to the next section for instructions on capturing results.

Capturing and Transmitting Results

- 1. Prepare HyperTerminal to capture results by loading a saved session file or by creating a new session file as described in Section 11.7.
- Click Transfer > Capture Text on the menu.
 Select a path and file name and click Start.

Any results transmitted to the computer from this point forward will be captured in the designated text file.



3. Transmit results to the computer following the instructions in Section 5 and Section 6. The results will appear in the HyperTerminal window, as shown in this example. In addition, the results can be manually copied and pasted into other applications by highlighting the results and using the **Edit** menu.

Abaxis - HyperTerminal	
@ # \$ 0 B #	
VetScan VS2	
Demonstration Software	
Comprehensive Diagnostic	
15 Feb 2008 03:52 PM	
Sample Type: Dog	
Sample ID: 1	
Rotor Lot Number: 6021487	
Serial Number: 0000V01022	
ALB 3.3 2.5-4.4 g/DI	
ALP 105 20-150 11/1	
ALT 46 10-118 U/L	
ANY 497 200-1200 U/L	
TRII 1.6 ¥ 0.1-0.6 mg/dl	
BUN 21 7-25 mg/dl	
CA 8.7 8.6-11.8 mg/dL	
PHOS 6.0 2.9-6.6 mg/dL	
CRE 1.9 I 0.3-1.4 mg/dL	
GLU 129 x 60-110 mg/dL	
•	
and the former former former for the second	

Note: If the results do not appear in the HyperTerminal window, an incorrect port may have been selected in setup (Section 11.7). Repeat the setup and select a different port.

- 4. After the results are transmitted, select **Transfer > Capture Text > Stop** in the menu. The captured text file can be used by most word processing, spreadsheet, and database applications.
- 5. Close HyperTerminal by selecting **File > Exit** in the menu.

Section 12

Ordering Information

12.1 Required Materials

This section lists the materials needed to operate the VetScan VS2 according to recommended procedures — see Section 4, "Test Procedure and Results."

12.2 Ordering Information

To order reagent rotors, pipettes, tips, printer paper, or other VetScan supplies or accessories, contact your authorized distributor, or contact Abaxis Customer Service at 1-800-822-2947 during regular business hours.

You can get the latest information by visiting this address:

http://www.abaxis.com/veterinary/vetscan_vs2.html

Note: All Abaxis catalog numbers are subject to change without notice. You can verify the correct numbers by calling Abaxis Customer Service during regular business hours at 1-800-822-2947.

12.3 VetScan Reagent Rotors

Reagent Rotor Package	Catalog Number
Comprehensive Diagnostic Profile	Abaxis # 500-0038
Prep Profile II	Abaxis # 500-0026
Critical Care Plus	Abaxis # 500-0042
Equine Profile Plus	Abaxis # 500-0043
Large Animal Profile	Abaxis # 500-0023
T ₄ /Cholesterol Profile	Abaxis # 500-0037
Avian/Reptilian Profile Plus	Abaxis # 500-0041
Mammalian Liver Profile	Abaxis # 500-0040

Note: See Section C, "Methods Performance," for a discussion of individual tests and methods.

12.4 Optional Materials

Operational Materials	Catalog Number
Tip, Disposable, rack of 96	Abaxis # 500-9007
Mini Pipette, 100 µL, Gray	Abaxis # 500-9006
Instrument Carrying Case with Wheels	Abaxis # 100-9001
Internal Printer Paper Roll	Abaxis # 1100-4410

Appendix A

iQC Codes

A.1 Using iQC Codes for Troubleshooting

The analyzer can display warnings, iQC codes, and messages to help diagnose and resolve potential problems.

iQC (Intelligent Quality Control) is a series of automatic checks that verify the chemistry, optics, and electronic functions of the analyzer during each run. This ensures that operators in a wide range of environments report only accurate and reliable results. iQC automatically suppresses a single chemistry — or the entire panel — if it detects uncharacteristic performance, and immediately alerts the operator to any problems.

If the analyzer displays an iQC code, find the code in the following pages, and try the suggested solutions *in the order presented*.

Note: If the iQC code is not listed or if you cannot correct a particular problem, record the iQC number or print the report, and contact Abaxis Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947, or send a fax to 1-877-900-9333.

iQC Code	Probable Cause	Solution
402E	Photometer Error	Analyzer may need service. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
403A	Bead Missing Error	Analyzer did not detect all rotor chemistry beads. Rerun with new rotor.
403B	Distribution Error	Reagent beads did not dissolve properly. Rerun with new rotor.
403C	Photometer Error	Analyzer may need service. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
403D	Sample Mix Error	Sample did not mix with reagents sufficiently. Rerun with new rotor.
403E	Dilution Error	Insufficient rotor reagents to complete run. Rerun with new rotor.
403F	Photometer Error	Analyzer may need service. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4031	Photometer Error	Analyzer's photometer detected brighter than normal flash. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4037	Insufficient Sample	The rotor has not received enough sample to function properly. Rerun with new rotor.
4038	Sample Distribution Error	Sample did not reach chemistries. Rerun with new rotor.
4039	Diluent Absorbance Error	Background absorbance too high. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
404D	Flash Lamp Noise Error	During one of the system checks, the analyzer attempted to compute an absorbance from a cluster of flashes that were too variable. If symptom persists, contact Technical Service.
Note: If the iQ ber or p at 1-800	C code is not listed or if you cannot rint the report, and contact Abaxis ⁻ 0-822-2947, or send a fax to 1-877-	correct a particular problem, record the iQC num- Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 900-9333.

iQC Code	Probable Cause	Solution
404F	Temperature Error	Rotor temperature too variable or outside proper range during run. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4042	Temperature Error	Temperature deviated more than one degree during run. Accuracy of certain chemistries may be affected. Rerun with new rotor.
4043	Sample Blank Bead Error	Sample blank bead appears turbid, possibly due to sample quality. Confirm sample integrity and rerun with new rotor.
4044	iQC Bead Mix Error	Analyzer cannot determine exposure status if iQC beads do not mix correctly. Rerun with new rotor.
4045	RQC Error	Reagent QC beads recovered below limit. Rotor may have been stored incorrectly. Rerun with new rotor.
4051	Flash Lamp Level Error	Analyzer checked lamp (to make sure it flashes when optical cuvette is sampled) but detectors did not recognize lamp flashes. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4053	Engine Reset Error	Analyzer component restarted unexpectedly. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4069	Sample Quality Error	Sample may contain physical interferents. Confirm sample integrity and rerun rotor.
410D 410E	Bar Code Format Error	Analyzer could not read rotor's bar code. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
410F 4110 4111	Bar Code Format Error	Analyzer did not recognize rotor. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
Note: If the iQ ber or p at 1-800	C code is not listed or if you cannot rint the report, and contact Abaxis -822-2947, or send a fax to 1-877-	correct a particular problem, record the iQC num- Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 900-9333.

iQC Code	Probable Cause	Solution
4220	Drawer Open Jam	Drawer cannot open correctly. Remove any obstructions. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4221	Drawer Closed Jam	Drawer cannot close correctly. Remove any obstructions. If symptom persists, contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4222	CAM Up Jam	Analyzer may need service. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
4223	CAM Down Jam	Analyzer may need service. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
430B	Spindle Motor Error	Spindle motor not turning properly. Contact Abaxis Technical Service.
Note: If the iC ber or p at 1-80	C code is not listed or if you cannot print the report, and contact Abaxis 0-822-2947, or send a fax to 1-877-	correct a particular problem, record the iQC num- Technical Service, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 900-9333.

Appendix B

Supported Printers

B.1 Printers Supported by the VetScan VS2

This section lists the printers supported by the VetScan VS2 as of November, 2008.

- *Note:* Use only printers that are supported by Abaxis operating systems. Abaxis has validated the following printers:
 - *HP Deskjet 6940*
 - HP Deskjet 5650

Other printers in this section have not been specifically validated, but should be compatible with the VS2.

Note: Printer capabilities are subject to change without notice. For an up-to-date list of the printers supported by the VetScan VS2, please contact Abaxis Technical Service 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1-800-822-2947.

- Deskjet 350C, 400, 400L, 450, 460 Series
- Deskjet 500 Series, 520, 540, 6XX Series
- Deskjet 810C, 812C, 815C, 816C, 830, 832, 840, 841, 842, 843, 825, 845, 850, 855, 870, 880, 882, 890, 895
- Deskjet 9XX Series, 11XX Series, 12XX Series
- Deskjet 3320, 3420, 3325, 3500, 3600, 3740, 3840
- Deskjet 3810, 3816, 3818, 3819, 3820 Series, 3822, 3870
- Deskjet 51XX, 55XX, 56XX, 57XX, 58XX, 59XX
- Deskjet 5600, 5100, 5740, 5800
- Deskjet 61XX, 65XX, 66XX, 68XX, 69XX
- Deskjet 6540, 6520, 6840
- Deskjet 9300, 96XX, 98XX

- Officejet 3XX, 5XX, 6XX, 7XX, 11XX
- Officejet 51XX, 61XX, 62XX, 63XX, 4100, 4105, 4200, 5500, 9100
- Officejet 71XX, 72XX, 73XX, 74XX, 9X11
- Officejet d Series
- Officejet G Series
- Officejet J Series
- Officejet K Series
- Officejet Lx
- Officejet R Series
- Officejet t Series, v Series
- Officejet Pro K Series, Pro L Series
- PSC 500, 7XX, 9XX, 15XX, 16XX
- PSC 21XX, 22XX, 23XX, 24XX, 25XX
- PhotoSmart 1XX, 2XX, 3XX, 4XX
- PhotoSmart 11XX, 12XX, 13XX
- PhotoSmart 25XX, 26XX, 27XX
- PhotoSmart 31XX, 32XX, 33XX
- PhotoSmart 71XX, 72XX, 73XX, 74XX, 75XX, 76XX, 77XX, 78XX, 79XX
- PhotoSmart 80XX, 81XX, 82XX, 84XX, 87XX
- PhotoSmart A3XX, A4XX, A5XX, A6XX, A7XX
- PhotoSmart C31XX, C41XX, C51XX, C61XX, C71XX
- PhotoSmart D51XX, D61XX, D71XX, D73XX
- PhotoSmart Pro B83XX
- PhotoSmart P1000, P1100
- All Monochrome Laserjet Printers and MFPs (except LJ 1000, 1005, 1018, 1020)
- All Color Laserjet Printers and MFPs (except LJ 1600, 2600)
- Apollo P2100 & P2150 Apollo P2200 & P2250
- E-Printer e20
- Business InkJet 1000, 1100 Series, 1200 Series, 22XX Series, 2300 Series, 2600 Series, 2800
- Series, 3000 Series Color Inkjet cp1700
- HP 2000, 2500 Series
- Apollo 2200, 2500, 26XX, P2XXX Series

Appendix C

Methods Performance

C.1 Materials Required

The following materials are required to operate the VetScan VS2 according to the recommended procedure given in Section 4.

Materials	Catalog Number
Provided with Purchase of Reagent Ro	otor Profiles
■ VetScan Reagent Profile	See Section 12
Optional	
100 μL Pipette	
■ Tips, disposable	Distributor
Transfer pipettes (to dispense sample (1.5 mL extended fine tip, small bul recommended)	es) lb
Compressed air, can	Computer store

Profile	ALB	ALP	ALT	AMY	AST	BA	BUN	Ca	CHOL	CK (CI- C	RE G	GT G	TOB 0	3LU	K+ N	4g N:	a+ PE	IOS T	TBIL	tCO ₂	TP	Ν
Comprehensive Diagnostic Profile	>	>	>	>			`	>				\ \		>	`	>	,			>		~	
Prep Profile II		>	>				>					>			>							1	
Critical Care Plus			>				`				>	`			~	>	>				>		
Equine Profile Plus	>				`		`	>		>		>	>	~	~	>	>	``		>	>	1	
Large Animal Profile	>	>			`		`	>		>		-	<u>``</u>	~		-		-				~	
T4-Cholesterol Profile									>										`				
Avian/ Reptilian Profile Plus	>				>	>		>		>				>	>	>	>					~	>
Mammalian Liver Profile	>	>	>			`	`		`				>							`			

To Order VetScan VS2 Analyzer Profile Rotors

- For profile information and product numbers, go to http://www.abaxis.com/veterinary/vetscan_vs2_profiles.html ÷
- Contact an authorized distributor, or Abaxis Customer Service at 1-800-822-2947, during regular business hours. сi

C.2 Rotor Test Panels

The following chart shows the test panels provided by each profile rotor.

C.3 Warnings and Precautions

- The diluent container in the reagent rotor is automatically opened when the analyzer drawer closes. A rotor with an opened diluent container cannot be re-used. Ensure that the sample or control has been placed into the rotor before closing the drawer.
- The reagent rotors are plastic and can crack or chip if dropped. Never use a dropped rotor, as it may spray biohazardous material throughout the interior of the analyzer.
- Reagent beads may contain acids or caustic substances. The operator does not come into contact with the reagent beads when following the recommended procedures. If the beads are handled (such as when cleaning up after dropping and cracking a reagent rotor), avoid touching (with skin), ingesting, or inhaling the reagent beads.
- Reagent beads and diluent contain sodium azide, which can react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Reagents do not come into contact with lead and copper plumbing when following recommended procedures. However, if the reagents do come into contact with such plumbing, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide buildup.
- Calcium reagent beads contain arsenazo III sodium, a possible carcinogen. The operator does not come into contact with the reagent beads when following the recommended procedures. If the operator does come into contact with the beads, immediately flush eyes or skin with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If swallowed, wash out mouth with water. Call a physician.

C.4 Storage

Store reagent rotors in their sealed pouches at 2-8 °C (36–46 °F). To use reagent rotors, remove the rotors in their sealed foil pouches from the refrigerator. Open the pouch, and remove the rotor just prior to running the test.

Make sure rotors do not remain at room temperature for more than a total of 48 hours. Open the pouch and remove the rotor just before running the test.

Do not expose rotors, in or out of the foil pouches, to direct sunlight or to temperatures above $32 \degree C (90 \degree F)$. Rotors must be used within 20 minutes of opening the pouches. Rotors in opened pouches cannot be returned to the refrigerator for later use.

C.5 Indications of Reagent Rotor Instability or Deterioration

- When stored as described above, all reagents contained in the reagent rotor are stable until the expiration date printed on the rotor pouch. Do **not** use a rotor after the expiration date. The expiration date is also encoded in the bar code printed on the bar code ring. The analyzer displays an error if the reagents have expired.
- A torn or otherwise damaged pouch may allow moisture to reach the unused rotor and adversely affect reagent performance. Do not use a rotor from a damaged pouch.

C.6 Sample Collection and Preparation

- The minimum required sample size is ~90 μ L of heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, serum, or serum control. The reagent rotor sample chamber can contain up to 120 μ L of sample.
- Fill specimen collection tubes at least halfway to prevent an excessive concentration of anti-coagulant in the patient sample.
- Samples collected in a heparinized micropipette should be dispensed into the reagent rotor **immediately** following collection.
- Use only lithium heparin (green top) evacuated specimen collection tubes for whole blood or plasma samples. Use no-additive (red top) evacuated specimen collection tubes or serum separator tubes (red or red/black top) for serum samples.
- Whole blood samples obtained by venipuncture must be homogeneous before transferring a sample to the reagent rotor. Gently invert the collection tube several times just before sample transfer. Do **not** shake the collection tube, or hemolysis can result.
- The test must be begun within 10 minutes of transfer ring the sample into the reagent rotor.
- Whole blood venipuncture samples should be run within 60 minutes of collection¹. Glucose concentrations decrease approximately 5–12 mg/dL in 1 hour in uncentrifuged samples stored at room temperature². AST samples may be artificially high due to in-vitro hemolysis in stored whole blood³. The sample can be separated into plasma or serum and stored in capped sample tubes at 2–8 °C (36–46 °F) if the sample cannot be run within 60 minutes.

 Carlson, GP. 1996. Clinical chemistry tests. In: B P Smith, ed., Large Animal Internal Medicine, 2nd ed. St. Louis. Mosby-year Book, Inc. pp. 441–469.

National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS). 1984. Procedures for the Handling and Processing of Blood Specimens; Tentative Standard. NCCLS document H18-T. Villanova, PA: NCCLS; p. 219.

Overfield, CV, J Savory, and MG Heintges. 1972. Glycolysis: a re-evaluation of the effect on blood glucose. Clin Chim Acta 39: 35-40.

- **Total protein** and **albumin** results from hay-eating horses may be altered if the sample has been taken within a few hours of the last meal⁴.
- **Total bilirubin** results can be adversely affected by photodegradation⁵. Whole blood samples not run immediately should be stored in the dark for no longer than 60 minutes. If the sample cannot be analyzed within that period, it should be separated into plasma or serum and stored in a capped sample tube in the dark at low temperatures⁶.
- **Glucose** concentrations are affected by the length of time since the patient has last eaten and by the type of sample collected from the patient. To accurately interpret glucose results, samples should be obtained from a patient who has been fasting for at least 12 hours. Glucose concentrations in plasma and serum are typically higher than glucose levels in whole blood4.

C.7 Known Interfering Substances

- Physical interferents (hemolysis, icterus, and lipemia) can change the reported concentrations of some analytes. The sample indices are printed in the results to inform the operator of the levels of interferents in each sample. If the presence of one or more interferents causes a significant change in the concentration of a particular analyte, that result is suppressed. See Section 8, "Troubleshooting" for an explanation of sample indices and suppressed results.
- Amylase activity can be elevated by contamination of the sample with human salivary amylase. Salivary amylase is found in human saliva, sweat glands, and lungs⁷.
- Potassium levels are affected by the presence of high levels of platelets (>1,000,000/ μ L) or white blood cells (>200,000/ μ L). Potassium can be released from these blood constituents when the blood is allowed to clot. This effect may also be observed when abnormal cells are present⁸.

- Sherwin, JE and R Obernolte. 1989. Bilirubin. In: LA Kaplan and AJ Pesce, eds., Clinical Chemistry: Theory, Analysis, and Correlation, 2nd ed. St. Louis: The C.V. Mosby Company; pp. 1009–1015.
- Henry, RJ, DC Cannon, and JW Winkelman. 1974. Clinical Chemistry: Principles and Techniques, 2nd ed. New York: Harper and Row; pp. 417–421; 1058–1059.
- Yuan, SK and FJ Liu. 1991. Laboratory diagnosis of gastrointestinal tract and exocrine pancreatic disorders. In: JB Henry, Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods, 18th ed. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company; p. 527.
- Willard, xx. 1989. Electrolyte and acid-base abnormalities. In: xx Willard, H Tvedten, and GH Turnwald, eds., Small Animal Clinical Diagnosis by Laboratory Methods. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company; pp. 103–120.

- Potassium levels in canines, felines, and equines can be artificially increased by potassium released from platelets during clotting3^{.9}. Normal canine and feline red blood cells do not contain significant levels of potassium, with the exception of the Akita breed9.
 Potassium levels in equines are artificially increased by hemolysis.
- Sodium results in canines, felines, and equines may be artificially depressed due to hyperlipidemia or severe hyperproteinemia3.9.

C.8 Test Parameters

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer operates at ambient temperatures between 15–32 $^{\circ}$ C (59–90 $^{\circ}$ F). Analysis time for all VetScan Rotors is <15 minutes. The analyzer maintains the reagent rotor at a temperature of 37 $^{\circ}$ C (98.6 $^{\circ}$ F) over the measurement interval.

C.9 Test Procedure

Note: Complete step-by-step operating procedures are given in Section 4.

- 1 Remove a reagent rotor from the refrigerator. (The rotor can be used directly from the refrigerator. There is no need to warm up the rotor.)
- 2 Collect the specimen.
- 3 Remove the reagent rotor from its pouch. Expel any air or air bubbles from the tip of the sample transfer device before dispensing $90-120 \ \mu$ L of sample or control into the rotor through the sample port. A $90 \ \mu$ L sample forms a line between the two arrows etched on the rotor. If there are air bubbles in the chamber, add more sample (up to a total of $120 \ \mu$ L).

WARNING: Do not tap the rotor on the table or work bench to empty the sample port, as this can damage the rotor.

- 4 Press **OPEN** to open the drawer. Place the rotor in the round cavity in the drawer and press **CLOSE**. There is no need to orient the rotor in a particular direction in the drawer. The analysis begins when the drawer closes.
- 5 Input patient and operator identification numbers as directed by the messages on the analyzer display. The analyzer processes the sample with no further input from the operator. The entire analysis takes <15 minutes and is complete when an "analysis complete" message appears on the display.

^{4.} Coles, EH. 1986. Veterinary Clinical Pathology, 4th ed. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company; p. 153.

DiBartola, SP, RA Green, and HS Autran de Morais. 1994. Electrolytes and acid-base. In: xx Willard, H Tvedten, and GH Turnwald, eds., Small Animal Clinical Diagnosis by Laboratory Methods, 2nd ed. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company; pp. 97–106.

- 6 The results are stored in the analyzer. Print the results, transmit to a computer, or press **OPEN** to bypass this step. To transmit, see Section 11, "Connecting to an External Computer" for instructions.
- 7 The drawer automatically opens. Remove the rotor from the drawer and follow standard hazardous waste disposal procedures when disposing the rotor. The rotor may be placed back into the pouch before disposal. Press **CLOSE** if another reagent rotor is not to be run immediately.

C.10 Timing Considerations

- Analyze whole blood samples collected by venipuncture within 60 minutes of collection.
- Run the reagent rotor within 10 minutes of applying sample or control to the rotor.
- Dispense samples collected in micropipettes into the rotor immediately after collection.

C.11 Quality Control

Although elaborate quality controls are integrated into the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer and reagent profile rotors, the analyzer's performance can also be verified by running external controls. This can be accomplished by testing an aliquoted sample with known values, or by using a serum-based, commercially available control. See Section 7.3, "Running Controls" to run controls.

C.12 Calibration

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer is calibrated by the manufacturer before shipment. The bar code printed on the bar code ring provides the analyzer with rotor-specific calibration data. See Section 7 for details.

C.13 Results

The VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer automatically calculates and prints the analyte concentrations in the sample. Details of the endpoint and rate reaction calculations are found in Section 9.

The VetScan analyzer calculates the globulin concentration using the total protein and albumin concentrations determined by the chemical analyses. If the total protein or albumin results are out of range or suppressed, the globulin concentration cannot be reliably calculated and is not reported.

C.14 Messages Printed in Results

- Results outside the reference range are indicated in the results by an asterisk (*) next to the analyte concentration.
- Results outside the dynamic range are indicated in the results by a greater-than symbol (>) next to the highest value of the dynamic range, or a less-than symbol (<) next to the lowest value of the dynamic range. (For example, concentrations outside an analyte dynamic range are printed as >700 or <10, respectively.)
- "HEM", "LIP", or "ICT" is printed in place of the analyte concentration if hemolysis (HEM), lipemia (LIP), or icterus (ICT) adversely affects the results for that analyte. LIP is also printed if both lipemia and icterus affect a result. HEM is also printed if hemolysis and icterus, hemolysis and lipemia, or hemolysis, lipemia, and icterus affect a particular analyte. Examine the sample indices to determine if more than one interferent is affecting a particular result.
- The sample indices are printed in the results. The indices indicate the degree of hemolysis, icterus, and lipemia in the sample, measured on a scale of 0 (clear), 1+ (slight), 2+ (moderate), and 3+ (gross).

C.15 Limitations of Procedure

- Lithium heparin is the only anticoagulant recommended for use with the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer.
- If a result for a particular test exceeds the assay range, the sample may be able to be diluted (see Section 8). If the sample again appears out of range, have it analyzed by another approved test method or sent to a referral laboratory. Do **not** dilute the sample and run it a third time.
- If sample or reagent rotor errors are indicated on the analyzer display or printed in the results, consult Section 8 for an explanation of the error message.
- Samples with hematocrits in excess of 62–64% packed red cell volume (a volume fraction of 0.62–0.64) or that are hemolytic, lipemic, or icteric may give inaccurate results. Samples with high hematocrits may be reported in the results as being hemolyzed. If hemolysis, lipemia, or icterus adversely affect results, a message will be printed in the results in place of the analyte concentration (see Section 8).

C.16 Expected Values

These reference ranges are provided as a guideline. The most definitive reference ranges are those established for the patient population. Test results should be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's clinical signs. Potassium and total protein levels determined in plasma may differ from the ranges given below.

Analyte	Canine	Feline	Equine	Bovine
Alanine aminotransferase	10–118 U/L	20–100 U/L	5–20 U/L	N/A
Albumin (ALB)	2.5–4.4 g/dL*	2.2–4.4 g/dL*	2.2–3.7 g/dL	2.5–3.8 g/dL
	(25–44 g/L)	(27–45 g/L)	(22–37 g/L)	(25–38 g/L)
Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)	20–150 U/L	10–90 U/L	50–170 U/L	23–135 U/L
Amylase (AMY)	200–1200 U/L*	300–1100 U/L*	5–15 (U/L)	N/A
Aspartate aminotransferase (AST)	14–45 U/L	12–43 U/L	175–340 U/L	66–211 U/L
Bile Acids (BA)	Fasting: 1–4 μmol/L (1– 4 μmol/L). 2 Hrs Postprandial: 2–15 μmol/L (2–15 μmol/L). Cutoff: 25 μmol/L (25 μmol/L)**.	Fasting: 1–3 μmol/L (1–3 μmol/L). 2 Hrs Postprandial: 7–9 μmol/L (7–9 μmol/L). Cutoff: 25 μmol/L (25 μmol/L)**.	Fasting: NA. Postprandial: NA. Cutoff: 25 μmol/L (25 μmol/L)**.	
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	7–25 mg/dL* (2.5–8.9 mmol urea/L)	10–30 mg/dL (3.6–10.7 mmol urea/L)	7–25 U/L (2.5–8.9 mmol urea/L)	6–20 mg/dL (2.14–7.14 mmol urea/L)
Calcium (Ca)	8.6–11.8 mg/dL* (2.15–2.95 mmol/L)	8.0–11.8 mg/dL* (2.00–2.95 mmol/L)	11.5–14.2 mg/dL (2.8–3.55 mmol/L)	7.9–9.6 mg/dL (1.97–2.39 mmol/L)
Chloride (CI-)	106–120 mmol /L	112-126 mmol /L***	92–104 mmol /L	N/A
Cholesterol (CHOL)	125–270 mg/dL (3.2–7.0 mmol/L)	90–205 mg/dL (2.3–5.3 mmol/L)	50–140 mg/dL (1.3–3.6 mmol/L)	N/A
Creatine Kinase (CK)	20–200 U/L	50–450 U/L	120–470 U/L	83–688 U/L
Creatinine (CRE)	0.3–1.4 mg/dL [†] (27–124 μmol/L)	0.3–2.1 mg/dL* (27–186 μmol/L)	0.6–2.2 mg/dL (35–150 μmol/L)	N/A
GGT	0–7.0 U/L	0–2.0 U/L	5–24 U/L	12–48 U/L
Globulin (GLOB) ^{††}	2.3–5.2 g/dL (23–52 g/L)	1.5–5.7 g/dL (15–57 g/L)	2.7–5.0 g/dL (27–50 g/L)	4.0–5.5 g/dL (40–55 g/L)
Glucose (GLU)	60–110 mg/dL (3.3–6.1 mmol/L)	70–150 mg/dL (3.9–8.3 mmol/L)	65–110 mg/dL (3.6–6.1 mmol/L)	N/A
Magnesium (Mg)	1.8–2.4 mg/dl (0.74–0.99 mmol/L)	2.0–2.5 mg/dL (0.82–1.03 mmol/L)	1.7–2.9 mg/dL (0.70–1.19 mmol/L)	1.7–2.9 mg/dL (0.70–1.19 mmol/L)
Phosphorus (PHOS)	2.9–6.6 mg/dL (0.94–2.13 mmol/L)	3.4–8.5 mg/dL (1.10–2.74 mmol/L)	1.9–4.3 mg/dL (0.61–1.39 mmol/L)	4.1–9.2 mg/dL (1.32–2.97 mmol/L)
Potassium (K+)	3.7-5.8 mmol/L	3.7–5.8 mmol/L	2.5–5.2 mmol/L	N/A
Sodium (Na+)	138–160 mmol/L	142-164 mmol/L	126–146 mmol/L	N/A
Thyroxine (T ₄)	1.1–4.0 g/dL (14–52 nmol/L)	1.5–4.8 μg/dL (19–62 nmol/L)	1.0–2.8 g/dL (13–36 nmol/L)	N/A
Total Bilirubin (TBIL)	0.1–0.6 mg/dL (2–10 μmol/L)	0.1–0.6 mg/dL (2–10 μmol/L)	0.5–2.3 mg/dL (8.6–39.3 μmol/L)	N/A
Total Carbon Dioxide (tCO ₂)	12-27 mmol/L	15–24 mmol/L	20–33 mmol/L	N/A
Total Protein (TP)	5.4–8.2 g/dL* (54–82 g/L)	5.4–8.2 g/dL* (54–82 g/L)	5.7–8.0 g/dL (57–80 g/L)	6.6–9.3 g/dL (66–93 g/L)
Uric Acid (UA)	1.0–9.0 mg/dL (60–536 μmol/L)	1.0–9.0 mg/dL (60–536 μmol/L)	1.0–9.0 mg/dL (60–536 μmol/L)	N/A

Table 1:	Canine.	Feline.	Equine	and	Bovine	Ranges

* Ranges cited by Meyer, et al¹⁰ for dogs and cats were adjusted to reflect field data collected by Abaxis on the VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer.
 * Cutoffs for Bile Acids (BA) set for 100% specificity with a sensitivity of 74% for dogs and cats. See Ettinger SJ, Feldman EC, eds. St. Louis: W.B. Saunders Company. 2000: 1288–1290.

*** Feline reference interval is for adults only. Kittens (younger than 6 months) may have lower chloride levels.

[†] Creatinine values were lowered 0.2 mg/dL from those in Meyer, et al10. The Jaffé method measures creatinine, and "quasi-creatinine" compounds not measured in the enzymatic method used in the VetScan Diagnostic Profile Plus.

†† Calculated value.

Jacobs, DS, BL Kasten, Jr., WR De Mott, and WL Wolfson. 1990. Laboratory Test Handbook, 2nd ed. Baltimore: Williams & Wilkins; pp. 302–303.

C.17 Performance Characteristics

Linearity

The chemistry for each analyte is linear over the dynamic range listed in Table 2 when the VetScan VS2 Analyzer is operated according to the recommended procedure (see Section 4).

Table 2: VetScan VS2 Dynamic Ranges	tScan VS2 Dynamic Ranges
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	Dynamic	c Range
Analyte	Common Units	SI Units
ALT	5–2000 U/L	5–2000 U/L
Albumin (ALB)	1.0–6.5 g/dL	10–65 g/L
ALP	5–2400 U/L	5–2400 U/L
Amylase (AMY)	5–4000 U/L	5–4000 U/L
AST	5–2000 U/L	5–2000 U/L
Bile Acid (BA)	1–140 μmol/L	1–140 μmol/L
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	2–180 mg/dL	0.7–64.3 mmol urea/L
Calcium (Ca)	4.0–16.0 mg/dL	1.0–4.0 mmol/L
Chloride (Cl-)	80–135 mmol/L	80–135 mmol/L
Cholesterol (CHOL)	20–520 mg/dL	0.5–13.5 mmol/L
Creatine Kinase (CK)	5–14000 U/L (14K)	5–14000 U/L (14K)
Creatinine (CRE)	0.2–20.0 mg/dL	18–1768 μmol/L
GGT	5–3000 U/L	5–3000 U/L
Globulin (GLOB*)	1–11 g/dL	10–110 g/L
Glucose (GLU)	10–700 mg/dL	0.6–38.9 mmol/L
Magnesium (Mg)	0–8 mg/dL	0–3.29 mmol/L
Phosphorus (PHOS)	0–20 mg/dL	0–6.46 mmol/L
Potassium (K+)	1.5–8.5 mmol/L	1.5-8.5 mmol/L
Sodium (Na+)	110–170 mmol/L	110–170 mmol/L
Thyroxine (T ₄)	0.5–8.0 μg/dL	6.5–103 nmol/L
Total Bilirubin (TBIL)	0.1–30.0 mg/dL	1.7–513 μmol/L
Total Carbon Dioxide (tCO ₂)	5–40 mmol/L	5–40 mmol/L
Total Protein (TP)	2.0–14.0 g/dL	20–140 g/L
Uric Acid (UA)	0.3–25 mg/dL	18–1488 mmol/L

* Calculated value.

Table 3: Correlation of VetScan System with Comparative Method

Analyte		Canine (n = 22–180)	Feline (n = 20–55)	Equine (n = 7–101)	Bovine (n = 126)
		(= ===	(11 - 20 00)	((==0)
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 0.95 0 10–1549	0.98 0.92 0 27–99	0.97 0.94 6 11–30	N/A
Albumin (ALB) (g/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.96 0.99 0.1 1.3–4.6	0.75 1.02 0 2.1–4.8	0.89 0.99 -0.6 1.2–3.2	0.97 0.83 7 2.4–4.0
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 0.89 -5 15–1722	0.97 0.81 1 6–54	1.00 0.90 -4 119–1476	0.97 0.83 7 13–136
Amylase (AMY) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.96 0.67 -34 366–1991	1.00 0.74 117 473–3474	N/A	N/A
Aspartate aminotrans- ferase (AST) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 1.02 1 18–176	1.00 1.03 1 18–125	1.00 0.94 16 107–1787	0.94 0.89 -0.58 68–262
Bile Acids (BA) (μmol/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 0.96 1 0–125	1.00 1.09 -1 0–137	N/A	N/A
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 0.98 -2 4–117	1.00 1.07 -5 14–165	1.00 0.95 -1 3–64	0.98 0.99 1.4 6–25
Calcium (Ca) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.84 1.24 -1.9 7.3–13.0	0.77 1.24 -2.1 6.3–12.4	0.94 1.18 -0.8 7.2–15.1	0.89 0.78 0.66 5.2–9.8
Chloride (Cl-) (mmol/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.935 0.875 15 78–132	0.979 0.882 12 86–123	N/A	N/A
Cholesterol (CHOL) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.99 0.99 6 103–450	0.99 1.06 -3 63–257	N/A	N/A
Creatine Kinase (CK) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	N/A	N/A	1.00 0.97 -2 69–14000	0.99 0.95 -36.2 79–2047
Table 3: Correlation of VetScan System with Comparative Method (Continued)

Analyte		Canine (n = 22–180)	Feline (n = 20–55)	Equine (n = 7–101)	Bovine (n = 126)
Creatinine (CRE) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.99 1.00 0.0 0.6–10.6	1.00 1.01 -0.1 0.3–13.6	0.95 1.00 -0.4 0.3–6.2	N/A
Gamma glutamyl trans- ferase (GGT) (U/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	1.00 0.96 2 5–65	N/A	0.99 1.11 0 5–317	0.97 1.13 0.67 7–54
Glucose (GLU) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.96 1.01 -6 28–348	1.00 0.97 3 52–607	0.97 0.94 16 36–353	N/A
Magnesium (Mg) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.98 1.09 -0.1 1.2-4.2
Phosphorus (PHOS) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.994 1.09 -0.19 0.8–87	0.916 0.80 0.81 2.4–6.9	0.971 0.991 -0.06 0.8–7.8	0.99 1.06 -0.5 1.9–9.7
Potassium (K+) (mmol/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.96 0.92 0.4 3.2–6.9	0.91 0.92 0.5 2.7–5.3	0.84 0.97 0.1 1.8–4.6	N/A
Sodium (Na+) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.89 0.97 4.8 118–183	0.86 1.08 -12.2 122–166	0.86 1.00 -0.01 110–166	N/A
Thyroxine* (Τ ₄) (μg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.92 1.01 -0.1 0.5–8.1	0.86 1.49 -0.4 0.5–4.5	N/A	N/A
Total Bilirubin (TBIL) (mg/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.87 0.84 0.1 0.1–3.2	1.00 0.92 -0.3 0.4–15.0	1.00 0.90 0.1 0.6–26.1	N/A
Total Protein (TP) (g/dL)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.98 1.03 0.1 2.6–10.7	0.97 0.96 0.4 4.8–8.5	0.99 0.97 0.3 3.0–9.5	0.98 1 0.47 6–10
Total Carbon Dioxide (tCO ₂) (mmol/L)	Correlation (r) Slope Intercept Sample range	0.81 0.86 3.5 6–23	0.93 0.90 2.4 7–31	0.97 0.93 2.1 9–39	N/A

Comparative Method: Hitachi 91

* Comparative Method: RIA

Index

A

Absorbance 9-3 Advanced Functions 4-5 Setting 5-30 Air Filter Changing 10-3, 10-4 With Cover 10-3 Without Cover 10-4 Alert Volume 5-22, 5-23, 5-26

B

Bar Code 3-8 Bar Code Ring 3-8 Biohazard Symbol 2-2

C

Calibration 7-1, 9-1, C-5 Analyzer 7-1 Bar Code 7-1 Reagent Rotor 7-1 Caution Symbol 2-2 **Chemistry Suppression 8-2** Cleaning 10-1 Air Filter 10-2 Analyzer 10-1 Cleaning Spills 10-2 Computer, Connecting to 11-1 ASCII 11-1 Baud Rate 11-2 Capturing Results 11-16 HyperTerminal 11-1, 11-14 Parity 11-2 Transmission Specifications 11-2 Controls, Running 7-3 Correlation C-8 Cuvettes 3-8

D

Diluent Container 3-8 Direct Current Symbol 2-2

E

Endpoint Reactions 9-4 Error Messages C-5 Expected Values C-6

F

Fasting Patients 4-14 Foil Pouch 4-6 Opening 4-6

Η

HEM 4-14, 6-1 Hemolysis 4-14, 4-15 Hemolytic Samples 4-14 HyperTerminal 11-14

Ι

ICT 4-14, 6-1 Icteric Samples 4-14 Icterus 4-14 Identification Numbers 4-7 Intelligent Quality Control 7-1 Interfering Substances C-4 iQC (Intelligent Quality Control) A-1 Codes 8-1, A-1

L

Language Selecting 5-15 Limitations C-5 LIP 4-14, 6-1 Lipemia 4-14 Lipemic Samples 4-14

M

Maintenance 10-1 Cleaning 10-1 Air Filter 10-2 Exterior 10-1 Spills 10-2

N

Normal Range 4-13, C-5

0

Operation 9-1 Analytes 9-2 Chromophores 9-2 Cuvette 9-2 Endpoint Reactions 9-4 Multiple-Wavelength Detector 9-2 Rate Methods 9-3 Stroboscopic Xenon Lamp 9-2 System Errors 9-2 Transmittance 9-2 Wavelength Selection System 9-2 Optional Advanced Functions 4-5 Setting 5-30 Optional Materials 12-2 Ordering Information 1-2, 12-1, 12-2

P

Patient Identification Numbers 4-7 Principles of Procedure 9-1 Control 9-1 Heparinized Whole Blood 9-1 Mixing Chamber 9-1 Plasma 9-1 Serum 9-1

Q

Quality Control 7-1, C-5 During Analysis 7-2 Analyzer 7-2 Reagent Rotor 7-2 Sample 7-2

R

Rate Methods 9-3 Reagent Rotors 3-8, 4-15, C-2 Bar Code 3-8 Bar Code Ring 3-8 Cuvettes 3-8 **Diluent Container 3-8** Expired 4-15 Instability C-3 Interfering Substances C-4 Methods Performance C-7 Sample Fill Line 3-8 Storage 4-15, C-3 Reagent Rotors. See also Testing **Recall Function** Last Rotor Results 6-2 **Reference Ranges** Customizing 5-2 Printing 5-10 Transmitting 5-12 Required Materials 1-2, 12-1 Results 4-1, 9-1, C-5 Returning Analyzer for Service 10-6 Rotor Handling 4-15 Opening and Closing Drawer 3-7 Rotor Cancellation 8-2 Rotor Test Panels C-2 **Running Controls 7-3**

S

Sample Fill Line 3-8 Samples Hemolytic 4-14 Icteric 4-14 Lipemic 4-14 Screen Click Volume 5-22, 5-23, 5-26 Self Test 4-5 Service 10-1, 10-6 See also Maintenance Set Up 3-1 Settings Icon **Special Functions** Accessing 5-2 Changing Date and Time 5-14 **Customizing Reference Ranges 5-2** Printing Reference Ranges 5-10 Selecting Language 5-15 Selecting Units 5-16 **Transmitting Reference Ranges 5-12** Viewing Analyzer Identification 5-13 Software Installation 10-5 **Special Function 5-2** Start Button 3-7 **Supplies** Ordering 1-2, 12-1, 12-2 Supported Printers A-1, B-1 **Symbols Biohazard 2-2** Caution 2-2 Direct Current 2-2 USB Connection 2-2

T

Test Panels C-2 **Test Parameters C-4 Test Principles 9-1** Testing Adding Sample to Rotor 4-2, 4-6 Air Bubble 4-7 Canceling Analysis 4-12 Fixed 100 µL Volume Pipette 4-3 Practice Rotor 4-3 **Reagent Rotor Preparation 4-2** Results 4-13 **Results Printout Heading 4-13** Sample Collection 4-2, C-3 Guide 4-2 Hemolysis 4-15 Sample Delivery Volume 4-4, 4-7 Step-by-Step Procedure 4-5 Operating Temperature. See also Physical & Environmental Specifications Timing Considerations 4-2, 4-15 Testing Procedure 4-1, C-4 Limitations C-5 Materials Required C-1 **Timing Considerations C-5** Touchscreen 3-7 Transmitting All Error Records 6-9 **Troubleshooting 8-1** Abaxis Technical Service 8-1 **Chemistry Suppression 8-2** Error Report, Printing 8-2 Messages 8-1 **Out-of-Range Samples 8-1 Result Messages 8-2** Symbols Used On 8-2 Rotor Cancels 8-2, 8-3 Sample Dilution 8-4 **Troubleshooting Flags 6-1**

U

Units Common 5-16 Selecting 5-16 SI (Systeme International) 5-16 USB Connection Symbol 2-2 USB Connections 3-6 USB Ports 2-1

V

VetScan VS2 Chemistry Analyzer Ambient Operating Temperature 3-5, C-4 Analyzer Identification 5-13 Arrow Keys 3-7 Dimensions 3-5 Display 3-6 Drawer 3-7 Intended Use 2-1 Overview 2-1 Physical and Environmental Specifications 3-5 Power Adapter 3-1, 3-6 Power Cord 3-1, 3-6 Power Requirements 3-5 **Quick Reference Guide 3-1** Results 3-6 Results. See also Testing Returning for Service 10-6 Start-Up Packet 3-1 System Description 3-6

Touchscreen 3-7 Recall Icon 6-1 Settings Icon 5-1 USB Cable 3-1 USB Connection Connecting to an External Computer 11-1 USB Connections 3-6 VetScan VS2 Operator's Manual 3-1 Warranty Card 3-1 Weight 3-5 Volume Setting 5-22, 5-23, 5-26